

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXXI.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1918.

No. 2

EXEMPTION BOARD RECLASSIFIES MEN

Men Recently In Class 4 Again Reclassified In One.

Under order of the Provost Marshall General's office the local exemption board recently reclassified all the men in draft list, and classed more than three hundred from class 1 who had formerly been placed in classes 2, 3 and 4. The order provided that all men so reclassified should have the right of appeal and to provide additional evidence why they should not be so classified. After the filing of appeals, which was done by most of the men whose class had been changed to 1, the local board reopened many cases and made a large number of changes. By the result of this work the following named men who had been changed from classes 2, 3 and 4 back to 1 have again been changed back to class 4.

L. Harley Barnes, Rockport.

J. W. Kirk, Narrows.

Willie Smith, Narrows.

Robt. B. Schroeder, Olaton.

Willie Kiper, Balzertown.

Layton E. Williams, Olaton.

Odie D. Smith, Hartford.

Daniel Espy, McHenry.

Alva H. Southard, Simmons.

Ethel Chapman, Hartford.

Leslie Morris, Little Cypress.

Thomas W. Mills, Whitesville.

Tillford Chapman, Philpot.

Ben H. Bennett, Hartford.

Joseph H. Wilson, Balzertown.

Jesse L. Burgess, Prentiss.

Emmett Martin, Hartford.

John W. Blanchard, Centertown.

R. Taylor Dunn, Cromwell.

Arthur Haven, Beaver Dam.

W. E. Martin, Select.

Alvin Ward, Hartford.

Emmett W. Whittinghill, Fordsville.

Alfred L. Williams, Rockport.

Charlie T. Leach, Horton.

Alex A. Davis, Beaver Dam.

Lee J. Fulkerson, Beaver Dam.

Jas. W. M. Hardin, Dundee.

Howard Hines, Beaver Dam.

Arthur Bales, Hartford.

Rollie Conder, Hartford.

William L. Render, Cromwell.

Rufus Minton, McHenry.

Robert Stone, Rockport.

Wallace Stevens, Fordsville.

William R. Riley, Hartford.

Felix E. Brown, Hartford.

Edward Free, Fordsville.

Claude E. Minton, McHenry.

Harian B. Leach, Beaver Dam.

Chas. C. Day, Narrows.

Taylor A. Ziegler, Hartford.

Grover C. Hines, Beaver Dam.

Loyd Clark, Select.

Thomas O. Helm, Hartford.

Netter T. Zeigler, Hartford.

Van Buren Stewart, Beaver Dam.

Cullie Welling, Narrows.

Wallace Martin, Fordsville.

Clarence Evans, Fordsville.

William L. Lee, Beaver Dam.

Chester L. Roach, Hartford.

Loney Ralph, Whitesville.

Way Liles, E. St. Louis.

Cecil J. Wheeler, Hartford.

Edgar Magan, Olaton.

Antony Daniel, Hartford.

Chas. W. Hardin, Whitesville.

Erton King, Hartford.

Transferred to Class 2.

Taylor Zeigler, Hartford.

Grover C. Hines, Beaver Dam.

R. E. Hussey, Livia.

Ray Sanders, Horse Branch.

Homer Pool, Beaver Dam.

Jns. M. Wedding, Barretts Ferry.

Clarence Bartlett, Hartford.

Transferred to Class 3.

Henry D. Chapman, Centertown.

Marion C. Ford, Madison, Wis.

DESERTERS APPREHENDED.

Theodore Bailey and Ernest Hurt, deserters from the army were arrested by deputy sheriff Frank Roberts Saturday night and brought here for safe keeping until they were conveyed to Camp Taylor Tuesday, where they were turned over to the provost marshall. Hurt is twenty one years old, and is a son of Eli Hurt, of Oloton. He enlisted at Hartford in July of last year and was sent to Ft. Thomas from which place he deserted Oct. 26. His excuse for desertion is that his mother needed him at home.

The Bailey boy is a son of Gran

Bailey, of Rosino, and is twenty-years

old, but looks sixteen. He volunteered in Louisville, and ran away from camp about three months ago.

Bailey's only excuse for desertion is that he was homesick. The lowest penalty for desertion in time of war is ten years at hard labor in a federal penitentiary. The boys say when their trials are called they are going to ask for the privilege of going immediately to France. Hurt's mother arrived in Hartford near dawn Thursday morning to consult an attorney in regard to her son's case, but there is probably little to be done for him as this is his second desertion. He deserted from the navy about a year ago.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The board of education has decided to have all the schools in each division begin on the same date. Those in divisions Nos. 2, 4, and 5, opened Monday, July 8. Those in division No. 1 will open the first Monday in August, division 3 the second Monday in August and those in division 6 the third Monday in July.

The first payment to teachers will be made the second Saturday in September. The Superintendent will require the teachers of each division to have their reports in the hands of the board member the last Saturday in the month, that they may all be sent in together, and where teachers do not comply with this rule they will be required to wait until the end of the succeeding month for their pay.

LITTLE BOY DROWNED.

Walter, the six year old son of Mr. Dud Gray, a farmer living about two miles below town, was drowned in Rough river late Tuesday afternoon. The Grays live on the bank of the river just above the mouth of Bens Creek creek. The little boy and a small girl were playing near the water's edge when the boy ventured in and went beyond his depth. The little girl made an effort to rescue him and got hold of him, but was unable to drag him to shore. It was thirty minutes before help arrived and the body recovered. Dr. Ford was called but his service proved fruitless to revive life. A remarkable feature of the incident was that the body of the boy did not sink, but continued to float on the surface of the water. It is believed that his clothing chambered sufficient air to keep the body afloat. The funeral was held Wednesday morning and the body was buried at Central Grove. The parents of the child have the sincere sympathy of the community in their sorrowful loss.

A LENGTHY PRE-
MARRIAGE VOYAGE

Miss Mary Carroll Smith, of Fordville, and Mrs. Rowan Holbrook, of this place, after considerable delay, due to technicalities to overcome in these wretched times in securing passports, commenced a journey Tuesday which will take them more than half way around the world, the end of which is to be Manila, P. I., where Miss Smith will be united in marriage to McHenry Holbrook. The wedding will take place the latter part of August.

Miss Smith and Mrs. Holbrook expect to sail from San Francisco, Calif., on the 17th, going by way of Hawaii, Yokohama, Japan, and Hongkong, China, spending a couple of weeks in Japan and China and Japanese-Chinese waters before reaching Manila. Miss Smith is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. T. Smith, Jr., of Fordville, and is a cultured and well beloved young lady, while Mr. Holbrook is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Rowan Holbrook, of this place, and for some time past has held an important position with the International Banking Corporation located in the Philippine Islands.

Mrs. Holbrook will spend some two months with her son and his bride before starting for home.

KILLED BY A MULE.

Everett Midkiff, of near Oloton, was killed Friday by falling from a mule he was riding, and hanging his foot in the mule's harness. He had been plowing the mule, unhooked for dinner and was giving it water at a well when it became frightened at a dog and started to run. The boy's foot got caught in the harness as he fell from the mule's back, and it dragged him several hundred yards. His body was badly mutilated. His remains were buried at Magan Saturday. Young Midkiff was seventeen years old, and a son of Mr. Willie Midkiff.

A LITTLE TRAGEDY.

Another act in one of life's painful tragedies was played in the county Judge's office here Wednesday, when through the intervention of the court an estranged father and daughter were brought together for another effort to live amicably together.

A few months ago Martha, the seventeen years old daughter of Mr. James Hatler, of Balzertown, left home on account of an alleged inability to get along agreeably with her father. The girl's father made repeated efforts to get the girl to return home, which she steadily refused to do. Recently Mr. Hatler invoked the aid of the court in his effort to get the girl to return home, but when the officer went with a writ for her several days ago she had measles and could not be moved. At the time the girl was staying with relatives at McHenry. Knowing her father was employing court process to have her return home, the girl left McHenry and went to Drakesboro, in Mullenburg county. Wednesday morning special deputy Joe Wilson went to Drakesboro and brought the girl here where her father was waiting for her. Judge Cook heard the girl's story of a father's rough treatment and the father's story of the girl's disobedience, after which he gave Mr. Hatler custody of the girl, with instruction to make periodic reports as to how they were getting along. The Hatters are good people, and all the trouble seems to be due to unrestrained temper.

WAR CONFERENCE.

A county War Conference will be held at the court house here Thursday, Aug. 8. The purpose of the meeting is to further educate the people to a proper realization of America's place and duty in the war.

A number of well known speakers will deliver addresses. Among these will be a soldier who has gone through the hell of war in France, was wounded on the field of battle, and when no longer able to hold his place on the firing line came home to arouse the spirit and energy of this country to do its part in the great struggle for human rights.

It will be an all day meeting, and every citizen in the county, who can possibly do so should be here. The meeting will be held under direction of Mr. Rowan Holbrook, Chairman of the Ohio County Board of National Defense.

THE PASS EVIL.

The free pass is passing. It has come to be classed as an evil. Congress as well as most of the states has legislated against the pass. It is regarded as a mild form of bribery, and its corrupting influence is to be removed.

It has been the custom of railroad companies, steamboat lines, circus and carnivals to give passes to public officials and to the press, by reason of which the officials were expected to prosecute with some degree of alacrity and the press to knock with a cushioned knocker. The free pass is an insidious temptation, even to the very elect. One of the saddest incidents illustrating the alluring influence of the pass that has come to our knowledge recently occurred while the carnival was here last week. A young man with the innocence of a babe and the purity of a primrose; a young man whose calling demands that he teach by example as well as by precept, and lead his followers in the straight and narrow path, was lured by a pass to attend a dance, a carnival dance. For four anxious nights he had carried the poisonous pass in his pocket unused, but on the fifth, learning that one of the old fathers in Israel was doing the turkey trot with the carnival girls under the big tent, he yielded to the temptation and passed in. But let us be generous with the young man. His intentions were good but the pass, the tempting, seductive pass, tempted him and he fell. Truly the pass is a cardinal evil.

BITTEN BY MAD DOG.

Mrs. Arthur Petty, of Henderson, was bitten by a dog afflicted by rabies, Sunday. Mrs. Petty was hurried to Bowling Green Monday, where she will be given the Pasteur treatment for rabies. The dog's head was also sent for examination. The many friends of Mrs. Petty, in Ohio county, will anxiously await news of effective treatment.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

No large developments mark war activities of the past week. The Italian drive of the Austrians has slowed down. It is not now believed the Austrian army will renew its offensive on the Italian lines. Austria has been begging Germany for help, but the steady stream of American soldiers arriving in France makes it unsafe to transfer German divisions from the western to the eastern front.

On the western front there has been much artillery and air activity, but no signal advances have been made. American and French soldiers have taken some territory and prisoners, and as a whole the allies have been on the offensive. The much heralded German drive, that was to exceed all others in energy and ferocity has not materialized.

An independent government has been set up in Siberia that will organize an army and make an effort to get Russia back into the war on the side of the allies. The United States and Japan will lend assistance as soon as the movement assumes definite proportions.

WELCOME RAINS.

Reports from every section of the county of good rains Monday are encouraging. Fields, and especially gardens, were suffering for moisture, and relief came in the nick of time. The rain began some time in the night and continued well into the morning. It was a soaking rain without wind, and will mean many thousands of dollars to Ohio county crops and gardens.

The corn crop is late and uneven and the late planting of tobacco was dying in the hill. Vegetation everywhere is revived and crop prospects are very much improved. With the exception of the early potato crop, which was past help, there is now a good prospect for a splendid crop in the county.

OFFICERS ON JOB.

A large measure of credit is due our county officials for stopping gambling at the carnival here last week. It was the duty of the city officials who licensed the carnival to exhibit here to see that it observed the law, but when they failed in that duty the county officials came to the rescue, arrested the ringleader and broke up the games of chance. A carnival cannot pay running expenses in legitimate exhibition, and depends upon gambling as the chief source of its income. After the officers made the arrest the carnival people took down their gambling tents and packed them for shipment elsewhere. With this demonstration of the purpose of our county officials not to tolerate gambling it is a safe bet that hereafter carnivals will steer clear of Hartford.

HANDKNITTING WASTEFUL.

A crusade has been started against the wasteful process of hand knitting socks, sweaters, and other useless garments for soldiers. The benevolent intentions of the good women who wear out their fingers and waste vast quantities of wool in such work, are recognized, but it is impractical. A writer says he has never seen a soldier on the field wearing a sweater or hand knit socks, and that the only use he has ever seen the wristlet put to was as a dust shield to keep the dust out of the working parts of his rifle. This writer declares the soft wool used by the hand knitters is fit only for the cradle, not for the trenches. But were the stuff serviceable it is a waste of energy. One man operating a machine will do more knitting in a day than 7,500 women working with needles. The logic of these arguments appeals to us, and we would advise our good Ohio county women knitters to divert their energies into more practical channels.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Sheek remained over for the Fourth of July fair, and held a brief session of court Friday. Only equity cases were heard.

L. L. Arbuckle, executor of the estate of N. F. Arbuckle, deceased, was awarded a judgement against F. L. Arbuckle for \$350.

Daisy Kate Taylor was granted a divorce from E. T. Taylor, and her maiden name of Daisy Kate Baker restored.

The case of R. C. Vance against the Broadway Coal Company was dis-

missed settled, the company paying the cost.

U. S. Faught was given a judgment against M. A. Faught for \$126.

Mrs. Emma Ballis, administrator of the estate of Harry E. Ballis awarded judgement for \$109, against Mrs. Henrietta Ballis.

An order of division of land was ordered in the estate of Joe Ferguson, deceased. The land is to be divided between Vivian Ferguson, Maggie Ferguson and Beatrice Dean. J. C. Smith, Joe Milden and J. H. Wilson were appointed commissioners to make the division.

E. F. Render was given a judgment against the McHenry Lumber Company for \$425. A number of orders were entered in the matter of motions and demurrers.

SHELBY SLEUTHS ARE OVER ZEALOUS

Instructors Shadowed As
Spies By Hattiesburg
'Sherlocks'

(Louisville Herald.)

Hattiesburg, Miss., June 6.—Nine o'clock had struck in Hattiesburg and save for the wanderings of few soldiers and "night owls" emerging from picture shows, Hattiesburg was as desolate as "The Deserted Village" of book lore. Calm and quiet are two of the greatest assets of this part of the world. This is just the place for persons of shattered nerves who wish to be cured of insomnia for there is nothing to hinder a person from enjoying a prolonged embrace of Morpheus except one should be bold enough and violently fight the god of sleep.

During these tranquil nights it frequently occurs that members of the police force find time to sharpen their wit and seize to "scout" by pursuing the *Traces* of Sherlock Holmes. One of the "finest" of Hattiesburg had just finished one of the most baffling mysteries which had been unraveled by the peerless "detective." He saluted forth on the streets with the determination that if any evildoers were abroad they would not escape his Argus eyes.

Presently his vigilance, stimulated by reading of fiction performances, was rewarded. For lo and behold! Right before his eyes he beheld three strangers. They were coaversing earnestly in a foreign tongue. The language was French, but that did not worry the wily guardia of the law since he could not understand nor distinguish French from Chinese.

Trails Wily "Spies."

"Spies," was the thought which flashed through his brain. And spies the men were as far as he was concerned. He trailed the men who bore a distinguished appearance. He met a member of the military police force, who in his native state had cracked corn and viewed mountain scenery. He confided his suspicion to the man in uniform and met with sympathy. The M. P. joined in the sleuthing expedition with a vim. Yet no attempt was made to molest the strangers, but not for a moment did the four eyes of the detectives leave them.

A deputy sheriff who happened to be near was called into consultation. He listened to the conversation of the men under suspicion.

"Better Nab 'Em."

"Sure, they're spies, better nab 'em," this worthy declared. The policeman suddenly saw vision of a chief's badge, the deputy began to dream of sheriffsdom and the M. P. began to feel captain's bars sprouting on his shoulders.

All doubts that the men were "18-karman spies, friends of the Monster of Potsdam, members of the Sons of Gehenna," and other "Made in Germany" organizations were cleared away with the arrival of a member of the local secret service office. Naturally it leaves secret service operative to be exceedingly careful. Accordingly the operative carefully "got an earful" of the foreign tongue of the men, observed their gestulations and studied their profile in all positions.

"Foreigners" Surrounded.

Another animated conference was held by the quartet of sleuths. The

"BEST MEDICINE FOR WOMEN"

What Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound Did
For Ohio Woman.

Portsmouth, Ohio.—"I suffered from irregularities, pains in my side and was so weak at times I could hardly get around to do my work, and as I had four in my family and three boarders it made it very hard for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. I took it and it has restored my health. It is certainly the best medicine for woman's ailments I ever saw."—Mrs. SARA SHAW, R. No. 1, Portsmouth, Ohio.

Mrs. Shaw proved the merit of this medicine and wrote this letter in order that other suffering women may find relief as she did. Women who are suffering as she was should not drag along from day to day without giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice in regard to such ailments write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its forty years experience is at your service.



end of the pow-wow was the stealthy approach of the four members of the various branches of law and order. Carefully executing their offensive, the officers completely surrounded the "foreigners." They were asked kindly to accompany the quartet to the county jail.

Here the "suspicious" trio voluntarily protested against the arrest. "Don't you know who we are?" quoth they. "We are Instructors in French at Camp Shelby."

Prove Y. M. C. A. Instructors. Supercilious smiles curved about the lips of the wise devotees of Nick Carter.

"Tell that to someone else," said they.

The men under suspicion insisted the camp be communicated with. Reluctantly the officers permitted their prisoners to communicate with the Y. M. C. A. at Camp Shelby. It was said that a secretary would be dispatched to the jail forthwith.

"We are Y. M. C. A. workers," insisted the "spies."

"Where are your uniforms?" triumphantly responded the captors.

"At the camp; we did not put them on to-night."

"Well, we'll see," said one of the sleuths with a broad grin.

Shortly the secretary arrived. He looked at the forlorn group under suspicion; then at the quartet of Dame Justice's favorite sons. Then he flushed, grew angry and stammered forth:

"You have made a grave error, gentlemen. These gentlemen are not spies. They are Instructors in French at Camp Shelby. They are Professors J. P. LeCoq, of the University of Indiana; Jules Prelin, of the University of Minnesota, and H. L. Gommaz, of Vanderbilt University."

Grinning sheepishly, the vigilance committee apologized and opened the doors of freedom to the persecuted trio of pedagogues.

The three "college stars" are wearing their Y. M. C. A. uniforms since the incident and the members of the police force have sent their volumes of *Sherlock Holmes* to the camp library.

Whea you feel lazy, out of sorts and yawn a good deal in the daytime, you can change it to a torpid liver which has slowed the system to get full of impurities. HERBINE cures all disorders produced by an inactive liver. It strengthens that organ, cleanses the bowels and puts the system in good healthy condition. Price 50c. Sold by Ohio Co. Drug Co. m

FOOD COST INCREASES.

Prices of food as a whole advanced 16 per cent in the year from March 15, 1917, to March 15, 1918, according to the May report of the Bureau of Statistics and Labor. The same report goes on to say:

In this one-year period the only decline in price is that of potatoes. This article decreased 51 per cent. Cornmeal shows the greatest increase, or 75 per cent. Sugar shows the least increase, or 4 per cent.

The increases in the prices of the other articles range from 14 per cent to 47 per cent, and are in detail as follows: Rib roast, 14 per cent; flour and shrolin steak, 15 per cent; pork chops, 21 per cent; eggs, 27 per cent; ham, 31 per cent; milk, 35 per cent; lard, 39 per cent, and bacon, 47 per cent.

Food as a whole was 59 per cent higher in March, 1918, than in March, 1913. Lard increased 112 per cent and cornmeal, 145 per cent. The increase in only four articles was less than 50 per cent. Eleven articles increased over 50 per cent, and three over. The percentages of increase in these increased 100 per cent and detail for this five-year period are as follows: Cornmeal, 137 per cent; lard, 112 per cent; flour, 106 per cent; bacon, 87 per cent; ham and sugar, 69 per cent; bread, 68 per cent; potatoes, 67 per cent; eggs and pork chops, 66 per cent; milk, 51 per cent; round steak, 49 per cent; rib roast, 38 per cent; shrolin steak, 37 per cent, and butter, 33 per cent.

Cause of Despondency.

Despondency is often caused by indigestion and constipation, and quickly disappears when Chamberlain's Tablets are taken. These tablets strengthen the digestion and move the bowels.

OUR CITY COUSINS.

A young lady hurried into a city butcher shop and said: "A month ago I bought three very fine hams in here. Have you any more of them?"

"Yes, indeed, madam," replied the butcher. "Would you like some more of them?"

"Yes," said the young lady. "I'll take two more of them if you are certain that they come from the same hog as the other three that I bought from you."

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

PARLOR BOLSHEVISM.

(By Theodore Roosevelt in the Metropolitan.)

The most powerful indictment of the corrupt and inefficient tyranny of the Romanoffs, or rather of the Russian autocracy, is that it produced Bolshevism.

Dreadful though it is that despotism should ruin men's bodies, it is worse that it should ruin men's souls. Vast physical distress was caused by the centuries of despotism which Russia owed to the fact that 600 years ago she lacked military ability to repel the Mongol warriors. But this is outweighed by the dreadful qualities of soul which the despotism produced in those who suffered under it.

We in America have a direct interest in this evil phenomenon. From

the tyrant to Russia great numbers of Russians fled hither. Many of these—Mary Antin is a type—were eminently fit to live in a land which, with all its faults, is a land of freedom and of opportunity, and these gave much to the land which gave them so much. But many have been merely sources of poisonous corruption to the nation which gave them an asylum. Many of the Bolshevik exiles to this land returned to Russia when the revolution broke out, and most of these were filled with venom for this country. The prime cause lay not in our shortcomings—many though these are—but in their own corrupted souls. This moral corruption made them preach and practice the gospel of hatred and malice, not only toward all men of wealth, whether they did good or evil, but toward all honest, hard-working, decent-living men and women who were not connived by mean envy of others.

These Russian exiles were not asked to come here. They came here so as to be free from persecution and to better themselves. They owe this country everything. But the only emotions aroused in the Bolshevik type are mean hatred, mean desire to slander and a self-pity both mean and morbid. The moral and mental attitude it introduces into this country is much more permanently mischievous than the bubonic plague, and against it we should erect a far more rigorous quarantine. The oppressed of other lands who have developed this kind of character should be kept out of this land at all hazards, and our immigration laws should promptly be changed accordingly. There are plenty of sordid and arrogant capitalists in this land, but their most harmful and unlovely traits are no worse and no more dangerous than those of this particular type of professional proletarian. In its full development it produces the Trotzkys, who have brought Russia to the brink of the abyss, and the Hillquits and Victor Bergers and Eastmans, who would lead our people into a complete ruin of which one item would be subjected to the German autocracy. The most sordid capitalists and reactionaries can do no more harm to this country than these men, if given power, would do. The worst bourgeois of politics and business stand no lower than these leaders of the American Bolsheviks, of the I. W. W., the Germanized Socialists, the anarchists and all the squalid crew who preaches the gospel of envy and hatred, who preach a class war, which, when preaching is translated into action, expresses itself through the bomb and the torch.

These men are encouraged, and our own moral fiber is weakened, by the parlor or pink tea Bolshevikism dear to the hearts of so many of our people who like to think of themselves as intellectuals, and who are, perhaps, particularly apt to find expression for their views in the new reality. Most certainly, hard indifference to the conditions and opportunities of the immigrant is a hideous wrong, but it is not bettered by a dilettante sentimentalism on behalf of wrong. We must never view the immigrant merely as a点缀.

We must think of him only as a future citizen, whose children are to share with our children the heritage of this land. We must do for him everything that is right, and we must tolerate from him nothing that is wrong.

The Bolsheviks have no lesson to teach America except what to avoid. They have betrayed democracy in America, England and France. They have plunged Russia into ruin. They fatuously hoped by this betrayal of their allies to make peace with the German militaristic autocracy, and then to betray it in turn. But the Germans were just as false, cunning and treacherous and a thousand times more able, and having made the Bolsheviks publish themselves to the world as traitors to liberty, they have now proceeded to trample them under foot. And the Bolsheviks showed willingness only to fight their fellow Russians; they were helpless before the German invaders.

THE SOLDIER'S CHANCES.

vidual soldier has plenty of chances of coming out of the war unscathed, or the least not badly injured.

Based on the mortality statistics of the allied armies, a soldier's chances are as follows:

Twenty-nine chances of coming home to one chance of being killed.

Forty-nine chances of recovering from wounds to one chance of dying from them.

One chance in 500 of losing a limb.

Will live five years longer because of physical training, is freer from disease in the Army than in civil life, and has better medical care at the front than at home.

In other wars from 10 to 15 men

died from disease to 1 from bullets;

in this war 1 man dies from disease to every 10 from bullets.

For those of our fighting men who do not escape scatheless, the Government under the soldier and sailor insurance law gives protection to the wounded and their dependents and to the families and dependents of those who make the supreme sacrifice for their country.

A NEW WORLD.

On every hand we hear the hopeful sentiment expressed, "It will be a new world after the war."

And so it will; indeed it is a new world already. If a year ago anyone had predicted half that has come to pass we should have stoned him as an evil prophet and declared his predictions impossible.

But here we are raising wheat under a price fixed by the Food Administration. The Government operation of railroads has come suddenly, even naturally—a dream realized overnight with neither opposition nor disaster. Both our food and our fuel are so thoroughly "controlled" that the amount of sugar and flour we may eat, the temperature at which we may keep our homes, and the proportion of the staples of life we are individually allowed to purchase or to possess are determined for us by elected bureaucrats perhaps some hundreds of miles away—and all in the name of democracy.

What we may not eat or wear and what we may not consume in manufacture are decided now on the score of public welfare, not upon private choice or the ability to pay. We shall until our buying of expensive autos; for example, for the very good reason that they will not now be made in unlimited numbers. The antitrust laws are knocked into a cocked hat and certain combinations of trade that have been hitherto declared illegal are now demanded by the highest necessity.

What is most remarkable is the fact that most of our regulations are extra-legal, inspired for reasons of public welfare, accepted and observed by common consent, and enforced by public opinion.

The old law of "every man for himself and the devil take the hindmost" seems to have been trampled into the discard, and men work and die now, not for themselves but for democracy—the right of the fellow to live has life. To this end the rich and the poor, the exalted and the humble labor together, performing all things needful. No longer is any necessary thing labeled "menial," and every man is, for the time at least, "his brother's keeper." Who would have imagined a year ago that so much could have been so quickly accomplished in a single twelve months!

So far have we gone along the highway of progress and toward a new world—so much for having been scolded stiff and for once in our lives brought face to face with fundamental realities.

Cataract Deafness Cannot Be Cured

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is no way to cure cataract deafness, and there is no constitutional remedy. Cataract deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the external ear. When this is inflamed, the hair is stimulated and imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be relieved and the fluid removed, it cannot be cured. Cataract deafness will be destroyed forever.

Many cases of deafness are caused by cataract, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the eye. Dr. J. E. Cheney's Medicine, Circular free. All Druggists, 75¢.

F. J. CHENEY, Co., Toledo, O.

SAVING FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

The canning, preserving and drying season is on—see that the family supply is secured and where possible, surplus should be put up. When the canning or drying is properly done, the product will keep any reasonable length of time if stored in a cool, dry place. Write to the Department of Agriculture for a bulletin on canning. Address Washington, D. C.

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Now is the time to buy a bottle of this remedy so as to be prepared in case that any one of your family should have an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. It is worth a hundred times its cost when needed.

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Based on the mortality statistics of the allied armies, a soldier's chances are as follows:

Twenty-nine chances of coming home to one chance of being killed.

Forty-nine chances of recovering from wounds to one chance of dying from them.

One chance in 500 of losing a limb.

Will live five years longer because of physical training, is freer from disease in the Army than in civil life, and has better medical care at the front than at home.

In other wars from 10 to 15 men

died from disease to 1 from bullets;

in this war 1 man dies from disease to every 10 from bullets.

For those of our fighting men who do not escape scatheless, the Government under the soldier and sailor insurance law gives protection to the wounded and their dependents and to the families and dependents of those who make the supreme sacrifice for their country.



Meat Must Be Sold

Fresh meat is perishable. It must be sold within about two weeks for whatever it will bring.

A certain amount of beef is frozen for foreign shipment, but domestic markets demand fresh, chilled, unfrozen beef.

Swift & Company cannot increase prices by withholding meat, because it will not keep fresh and salable for more than a few days after it reaches the market.

Swift & Company cannot tell at the time of purchasing cattle, what price fresh meat will bring when put on sale. If between purchase and sale, market conditions change, the price of meat must also change.

The Food Administration limits our profit to 9 per cent on capital invested in the meat departments. This is about 2 cents per dollar of sales. No profit is guaranteed, and the risk of loss is not eliminated.

As a matter of fact, meat is often sold at a loss because of the need of selling it before it spoils.

Swift & Company, U.S

FIRST NIGHT IN TRENCH 'AWFUL'

Weird Experience Is Related
By Tommy; Afterward It's Easy.

(Correspondent of the Associated Press.)

London, June 15.—What will the first night in the trenches be, is a question that thousands of American soldiers have faced perhaps with some misgiving, certainly with lively anticipation. The experience of many of them must be like that of a British plow-boy-soldier described by Lord Dunsany, captain of the Inniskilling Fusiliers.

"A can's first night in the front line is an epoch-making experience," he writes. "It is like a man's first vote, or his twenty-first birthday—it is a milestone in his life, marking the change from the mimic warfare behind the lines to the grim realities of actual conflict."

Recruit's First Night.

"Perhaps I can best explain how this experience affects a soldier by telling you the story of a recruit's first night in the trenches. Dick Cheeser, one of my men, was a plow-boy just past 18 when he enlisted, and not yet 19 when he went on his first sentry 'go' in the front line.

"It was a quiet night, and dawn was only an hour or so distant when theoer took his post. The corporal told him where to stand, warned him to keep a good lookout, and left him.

"There was Dick Cheeser, alone in the dark, with an army in front of him eighty yards away, a resourceful, crafty and desperate enemy. The stillness of the night only added to Cheeser's feeling of responsibility. The stillness awed him. There had not been a shell all night. He put his head over the parapet gingerly and waited. Nobody fired at him. He felt somehow that the night was waiting for him, that something uncanny and unexpected would happen soon. He heard voices in a communication trench somewhere behind him; there were a few sentences of gruff, unintelligible conversation; the voices died away. There was a long silence. Cheeser fell to wondering whether the night was black or grey; he strained hard at the night to study its exact color; the night stared back at him, and seemed to be threatening him; it was gray, gray and artful, like a cat or a fox.

An Uncanny Feeling.

"It was uncanny, thought Cheeser. Shells would come, or Germans, or anything at all, you would know how to take it; but this deathly quiet, like a mist over huge valleys! Anything might happen. Cheeser waited and waited, and the night waited too. He felt that they were watching each other, the night and he, both crouching, both ready to spring.

"His mind grew so active that his head throbbed with the physical exertion of thinking. He was watching with eyes and ears and imagination, hoping to anticipate by a second or two the dread something that he felt was sure to happen soon in the ominous mist of No-Man's Land. He thought of throwing a stone out into the blackness, just to see what would happen. Then he began to wish for his boyhood's slingshot, so that he could catapult a nice round stone right across the blackness into the German line.

Night Retains Mystery.

"A little wind blew in the night, too cold for the time of year. It made for a moment a halo in the mist over No-Man's Land. Cheeser peered into it, but the mist closed round again. 'No,' Night seemed to say, 'You can't guess my secret.' And the awesome hush intensified. What are they up to now? thought the sentry. What are those crafty enemies planning in all those miles of silence?

"Even the very lights were few and far between. When one went up, far hills of shadow seemed to sit and brood over the valley; black shapes grew up and vanished in the shadow. The rocket faded and the hills went back into mystery again, and Cheeser still peered level over the ominous valley.

"All the dangers and sinister shapes and evil destinies that the sentry faced that night can not be pictured or described in mere words. It was only two hours that he stood there, and not a shell fell in all that time, not a German stirred.

"It is a weird and awful experience, that first night in the trenches. The next time it is an easy matter."

WOULD KILL OFF HOCHES BY PUTTING SNAKES IN TRENCHES

Los Angeles, July 6.—"Lonsome Jack" Allman, king of all rattlesnake catchers, offers to gather 10,000 side winders or hornet rattlesnakes if the government will let him dump them into trenches vacated to the Germans

by the Americans and let the snakes do the rest. The side-winder is a death dealer extraordinary, strikes three times as fast as any other rattler and, unlike others, does not act on the heart, but paralyzes the nerves within twenty minutes.

Allman would have no trouble in gathering them in Arizona and the Imperial Valley, he says. The Germans, if they possessed such a deadly weapon, would not hesitate to use it, Allman believes.

"The beauty of my idea is that the rattler can live five or six months in captivity without either food or water and they will be just as effective during that time," says Allman. "I have an antidote for rattlesnake bite that could be supplied to anyone that handles them, but the Germans would not know what stung them."

"My idea would be to catch them and then soak their tails in warm water. Then the shell that rattles and gives warning could be removed without injury to the snake. Their fangs are so sharp that unless the warning is given with the rattle a person would hardly know what bit him. Side-winders range in size from four to twelve feet."

In every home where there is a baby there should also be a bottle of McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic, diarrhoea or summer complaint. It is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Ohio Co. Drug Co.

TO CALCULATE AMOUNTS OF PRODUCE

To Find the Number of Bushels of Grain or Shelled Corn in a Bin or Wagon Box.—Level the grain, multiply the length of the grain pile (all in feet) and divide by 1 1/4.

To find the Number of Bushels of Corn in Shuck in a Crib or Box.—Level the corn, multiply the length of the corn pile by its width and depth (all in feet), and divide by 2 1/2.

To Find the Number of Bushels of Shucked or Husked Corn on the Ear in a Crib or Wagon Box.—Level the corn, multiply the length of the corn pile by its width and depth (all in feet), and divide by 2 1/2.

Quantity if not capacity shipments will start soon from a new Government shell-loading factory in New Jersey, one of four such Government plants each of which is larger than any similar plant in the world.

When turning out 52,000 loaded shells a day under full operation the plant will use 2,000 tons of shells and explosives daily, the products of some 75 factories. More than 5,000 workmen will be required. Plans contemplate the employment of a large number of women. The marking of shells to designate size, load, and range will require 250,000 operations each day.

The plant has a total area of approximately 2,500 acres. More than 100 buildings, with an aggregate floor space of 1,300,000 square feet, will provide storage for shells and part and for material. A small city, with heating and lighting plants, water and sewage systems, hospitals, fire-fighting plant, and restaurants, was built to house the employees. There is equipment to protect the health of those who work with poisonous gases, and a school for instruction in the loading of artillery ammunition with high explosives.

The operating plant consists of 13 shell-loading units, each independent of the other, with equipment for loading 13 sizes of shells, ranging from the recently developed 37-millimeter to 16 inches. On two sizes of shells the propelling charge also will be loaded, the shell and cartridge case being assembled at the plant. All other shells are assembled in France.

In the construction of the shell-loading units the problem was for greater than one of mere building. Immense fans have been installed to dispose of the poisonous fumes from the high explosives. When a unit is in operation the air in the loading room is changed every few minutes.

Specially designed suits will be worn during work with the explosives.

HAS CLEVER CONTRIVANCE TO HARVEST CLOVER SEED

Greenville, S. C., July 6.—An ingenious machine for harvesting clover seed has been perfected by J. L. Cannada, a pioneer clover raiser near Greenville. Mr. Cannada devised an exhaust fan mounted on a wagon driven by a small gasoline engine. A mouthpiece connected with the fan is lowered over the cloverheads and the current of air lifts the seed out and deposits them into a suitable receptacle. The machine is said to work perfectly.

FOCH'S PRIVATE LIFE SIMPLE; HE'S A GREAT FAMILY MAN

Paris, July 6.—Interest in the character of Gen. Ferdinand Foch, commander-in-chief of the allied armies, has resulted in revealing some of the secrets of his everyday life.

His name it seems, is of Celtic origin, "Foex," which means "fire," and he has the blue eyes of the Celts.

Before the war the general devoted his time between his family and reading the sport. History is his favorite form of literature, and he loves the works of the old French composers.

He has a passion for antique furni-

U. S. ARMY HAS AN ENOCH ARDEN

San Francisco, July 6.—The same destiny that tormented Shavchenko from his 17-year-old bride, Dora, in Russia six years ago and led her to believe that he had been executed for a political crime against the Czar has restored him to her in free America.

But now she is the wife of Michael Hakanoff and the mother of his 3-year-old son.

Shavchenko is in the United States army, a private at Camp Fremont, near here. And Dora Hakanoff loves this modern Enoch Arden just as she loved him when they were married in Rostov-on-Don.

Mrs. Hakanoff has left her present husband and sued for the possession of the child. She says she will ask an annulment of her marriage to him in 1914.

Wife Came To U. S.

After Shavchenko had been carried away by the Czar's troops and presumably executed his young wife came to the United States, where she married Hakanoff. Shortly after the birth of their son they quarreled and the wife left the husband.

She obtained work in a home near where Camp Fremont now is, and a few weeks ago an officer from the camp, unaccompanied by a private came to visit at the home. The private was Shevchenko.

"Our maid is a Russian," said the hostess when she learned of Shavchenko's nationality. "Suppose you talk together."

As they were about to be introduced the eyes of the Russian couple met and when the truth dawned upon them they rushed into each other's arms, much to the alarm of the army officer and his hostess.

Escaped Russian Guard.

Then Shavchenko told his story. He had escaped from the Russian guard, fled through Austria and eventually reached America.

"No until I had shaken the dust of Europe did I dare write to you," he told his wife. "Only when I learned that they could not take me from America for a political offense did I write home. And always the answer came: 'We do not know where she is.'

"Thank God that lie put you in this camp out of the many and brought you back to me!" wept Dora.

NEW PLANT HANDLES 32,000 SHELLS A DAY

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His name it seems, is of Celtic origin, "Foex," which means "fire," and he has the blue eyes of the Celts.

Before the war the general devoted his time between his family and reading the sport. History is his favorite form of literature, and he loves the works of the old French composers.

He has a passion for antique furni-

ture, and is particularly fond of trees and the great outdoors.

General Foch's tastes are simple. He eats sparingly, drinks wine and coffee but no spirituous liquor, and smokes small cigars.

He has a habit of letting his cigar go out, and every cigar he smokes must be lighted five or six times. For this reason he keeps an electric lighter in his motor car.

Horseback riding is the generalissimo's favorite exercise. He is much attached to a thoroughbred, which he bought a year before the war, and which goes wherever he goes.

His holidays the general spends at a little seaside place at Finistere, where he talks with the populace,

who have great affection for him—particularly the children and young folks.

WITH THE PARAGRAPHERS.

The first battle of the Marne was historic in that its history was a record to the glory of the French troops; in the present battle the soldiers of the U. S. A. are finding their share of glory.—Baltimore American.

Charlie Schwab says his business on the Shipping Board is to build ships and not to argue. Which, by the way, is the best kind of an argument.—New Orleans States.

For our part, having seen what the European plan came to, we are willing for Gen. Pershing to show the American plan.—Galveston News.

The high cost of living in Washington is sending the office-seekers home. The optimists are right. There's a bright side to everything.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

All roads may lead to Rome, but the cohorts of Emp. Chas. are finding them unconsciously hard to travel.—Macon Telegraph.

At this distance it looks as if the Austrian Emperor's presence at the Italian front didn't amount to much.—Dallas News.

Some of Napoleon's biographers have marveled at the fact that in all his years of campaigning he made no improvements whatever in the weapons of war, fighting his last battle, it is pointed out, with the same muskets he fought his first. But Napoleon had genius. He knew that anybody could duplicate new weapons if he produced them. His strategy was his own, and could not be matched by any other.—Charleston News and Courier.

MESSAGE TO WOMEN FROM MRS. WILSON

Washington, July 4.—This Independence day message was given today to the women of America by Mrs. Wilson, wife of the President:

"The greeting which I am glad to send to the women of our beloved country, who are playing so large and so noble a part in this day of our supreme test, can have but a single thought for its theme—the thought that is in all our hearts.

"That thought is that we are sustaining, not a government, but the very principle of our nation's life. The moral of the war is in the thoughts and aspirations and hopes of the women as well as of the men.

"They stand at the very center of every issue involved, as the men do, and in that sense the war is theirs. It is a war for what is humane and right. They can put all that is best of them into the struggle. And they are doing so.

"I deeply admire them, and am proud to stand with them. A new glory attaches to the Fourth of July because we are striving to make the world free."

GEORGIA HEN LAYS RARE AND WONDERFUL EGGS

Atlanta, Ga., July 6.—A hen belonging to Elijah Johnson, of Gwinnett county, Georgia, evidently brooding over the terrible war, has done her best in the way of prophesying victory for the United States. She laid an egg very plainly and conspicuously engraved with the Stars and Stripes, a V and the figure 1 on it. Wonderment grew when two days later she added to the collection another egg inscribed with an airship. But the crowning effort came one day later when the third egg was produced with the lines of a battleship upon it. By an ingenious method of deduction Sheriff W. C. Darby, of Gwinnett County, and others have translated the egg marks to mean that the United States will win the war one year hence.

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Before the war the general devoted his time between his family and reading the sport. History is his favorite form of literature, and he loves the works of the old French composers.

He has a passion for antique furni-

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.

All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifl with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Hartford Republican

Published Weekly by
BARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY
Incorporated
C. E. SMITH, W. S. TINSLEY,
President Sec.-Treas.

JOHN HENRY THOMAS, Editor
W. S. TINSLEY, Associate Editor
and Business Manager.

Entered according to law at the
Postoffice, Hartford, Ky., as mail
matter of the second class.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers desiring the paper sent
to a new address must give the old
address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 10c
per line, and 5c per line for additional
insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Cards
of Thanks, 5c per line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free,
but other advertisements, 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will
receive no attention.

TELEPHONES.
Cumberland 123
Farmers Mutual 59

FRIDAY JULY 12

Women can now be full-fledged men
in Arkansas. The new constitution
of that state not only gives the women
the right to vote but makes them eligible
to hold office and serve on juries.

An exchange says: "We personally
do not want to touch anything made
in Germany with a ten foot pole,"
and we are curious to know what
they make in Germany with a ten
foot pole.

With our issue of July the 5th the
Republican started on its 31 year.
Not yet quite out of the draft age, but
then we volunteered at the beginning
of the war, and have been doing our
level best every since.

Razors are now being issued to our
soldiers in France. When our col-
ored troops come to close conflict
with the enemy they will probably
throw away their guns and resort to
their traditional weapon.

The Todd County Times announces
a subscription raise to \$1.50 a year,
beginning with August 15. With the
great rise in cost of producing a
newspaper it is left only a choice be-
tween raising prices or going out of
business.

Henry Ford was the largest single
contributor to the national Democratic
campaign fund two years ago, and has declared for the President
for a third term, and now asks the
Republicans of Michigan to send him
to the United States senate.

Referring to the attitude of cabinet
members toward the prohibition
movement the Clip Sheet of the Board
of Temperance says Mr. Daniels is the
strongest and Mr. Burleson the weakest
member of the cabinet. Most
folks who have to deal with the post
office department will agree the Clip
Sheet has discovered the weakest.

In a letter to the press Judge Settle
admits he is legally disqualified to be
a candidate for reelection to the ap-
pellate bench, but says it has been
the custom of state officials for forty
years to disregard the law. If a
judge of the highest court in the state
may openly defy the law he has little
excuse for asking the people to elect
him to an office to enforce it on
others.

"Politics is adjourned everywhere
except in some Republican newspapers"—Hartford Herald.

Yes, Democrats of every section
and every clime, with hundreds of
thousands of partisan followers in
Federal offices within the land,
are not only perfectly willing, but
extremely anxious to have Republican
politics adjourn both now and forevermore, worlds without end.

Coming from men so close to the
throne, as Secretary of the Treasury
McAdoo and Vice-President Marshall
this talk of a third term for the
President excites the serious attention
of the country. In the midst of a
world war the country should not
be disturbed by a threat to break a
century old precedent. The President
could settle this anxiety with a word,
but he does not say the word.

Don't let it escape your attention
that on and after August 10 the Hartford
Republican will be \$1.50 a year.
Those desiring to do so may pay one
year in advance of that date at the
old price of one dollar provided such
payment is made before midnight
of August 9. On account of the
tremendous increase in the cost of pub-
lishing a newspaper more than six
hundred daily and eighteen hundred

weekly newspapers in the United
States have gone to the wall within
the last year. We are sure our pa-
trons do not want their home paper
to go out of existence, and the only
way we can continue to publish it is
to ask our patrons to indulge us the
privilege of raising our price as every
other business has done. Every
other thing you buy has advanced
from fifty to two hundred per cent in
the last two years, and your county
paper is the single commodity you are
buying now the price of which has not
already advanced.

The winning of the war is now
the first purpose of mankind. No
sacrifice is too great to be made to
achieve that end. Wealth is being
confiscated through taxation, food is
being rationed and men are being
drafted for service. Because of the
peril that confronts us we are tem-
pted, at the price of criticism, to sug-
gest that we add another day to the
week for the period of the war. The
Thuns know no sabbath in their mad
efforts to chain the world to their
chariot wheels, and may we not justly
employ that day in the necessary
and useful task of producing imper-
ative supplies for our armies. Might
not the hours from Nine to One be re-
served for attending church services
and the remainder of the day devoted
to the righteous service of pro-
ducing those substances without
which our names in the field would
be helpless. If the Lord is on our
side He would make due allowance
to the seat so long held by Caleb
Powers.

Press Kimball, of Lexington, has
entered the race against Ollie James
for the United States senate, but the
Democrats will hardly take Kimball's
candidacy seriously. There are no
real contests on among the Demo-
cratic candidates for congress, the in-
cumbents all having easy sailing
before the primary. In the Second Ap-
pellate court district Judge Settle,
who is a candidate for a third term, is
opposed by Judge J. W. Henson, of
Henderson. Little interest is expressed
in this race, but the nomination
will probably go to Settle.

There seems to be no longer any
doubt about the national congress
adopting prohibition for the period of
the war, and the war on liquor will
never end. The evil of the liquor
traffic has sunk deeply into the con-
science of the nation, and the days
of the saloon in these United States
are forever passed. But it were idle
to hope for a final and complete sup-
pression of the use of intoxicants
through act of the national congress.
The appetite of mankind may not be
radically changed by legislative en-
actment. It may be expected that
substitutes stimulants will spring up
in every nook and corner. No seer
may foresee what system may grow up
from the ruins now being wrought,
but consulting human history as it is
written in the appetites and customs
of all ages, the assumption is war-
anted that stimulating beverages will
not disappear from the earth. But
let us hope that a milder method of
soothing tired nerves may result from
the overthrow of the fiercer fire of al-
cohol.

Upon reading our contemporary's
dissertation on our vacation, hobbling

in Hoosier, we could see with an eye
of hope the stately golden rod, pen-
dant with autumnal beauty along the
Hoosier lanes, sniff the Indian Sum-
mer mists hanging low in the shadowy
valley, near the soothing rhythm
of the humming birds and smell
the aroma of the homely Jim-
pson as we arose at dawn from our
grassy roadside bed. Aye, the hand-
outs too; we could taste the left over
chicken and the apple pies. Speed the
time when waving the ferrymen a
cheerful good bye, we start on our
Hoosier hike. The orchards will be
ripe with fruit, there'll be melons on
the vines and roasting ears in the
fields. But nay, Bro. Greep, we shall
neither beg nor steal, we'll eat three
square meals a day and do never a
lick of work. We can't tell you now,
but when we return we'll tell you how
it was done. And we shall not lie to a
single soul, but tell the plain unvar-
nished truth. And more than that,
Bro. Greep, we'll refuse many an invita-
tion to eat and sleep. When we re-
turn we'll tell you how the trick was
turned. It is all in knowing how.

OFFICERS CHEATED
SEN. JONES CHARGES

Washington, July 6.—The twelve
billion dollar army appropriation bill
was completed to-day by Congress
and now goes to the President. The
conference report on the measure was
approved by both the House and Senate
after only brief consideration.

Dissatisfaction was voiced in the
Senate over the elimination at the
insistence of the House conferees of the
amendment by Senator Jones, of
Washington, providing for the sale by
the government of uniform and equip-
ment to army officers at cost. Senator
Jones charged that private dealers
are guilty of "outrages" profiteering,
and estimates that the 240,000
officers in the army are being mulcted
of \$48,000,000 annually.

Citing specific case, the Washing-
ton senator said he had been informed
that a contract to furnish watches
costing \$10 to officers had been made
at one camp at a rate of \$21 for each
watch. Senator Penrose, of Pennsyl-
vania, said the circumstances aug-
mented bribery, and Senator Chamber-
lain, chairman of the Senate Military
Committee, promised an investigation
and added that the refusal of the
House to accept the Jones amendment
was "outrageous."

KENTUCKY POLITICS.

Politics, like the poor, we have al-
ways with us, even in the midst of
war times. A number of contests for
nominations are to be settled at the
August primary.

Chief interest in Kentucky this
year centers in the Republican contests.
Judge B. J. Bethrum, of Somerset,
and Dr. Ben L. Bruner, of Louisville,
are candidates for the senatorial
nomination. In well-informed
political circles it is claimed that
Bethrum has all the best of it, but
victories are never won until the bal-
lots are counted.

For Judge of the Court of Appeals
in the second Appellate district Judge
M. L. Heavrin, of this city, and F. J.
Pentecost, of Henderson, are the as-
pirants. Mr. Heavrin lives nearer
the center of the district and in the
center of a group of the strongest
Republican counties in the district,
and, having been for eight years a
member of the Republican state
central committee, is the better known,
and his nomination is assured.

The contest for the nomination for
congress in the Fourth district is
between I. S. Mason, of Ohio county
and John P. Haswell, of Brecken-
ridge. In the Third district Mr. Li-
kens and William Henry Jones, both
of Glasgow, and Senator Huntsman,
of Bowling Green, are making a three-
cornered fight for who shall sit in Bob
Thomas' seat at Washington. The
race is between Jones and Hunt-
man. In the Eleventh district Rob-
son and Edwards are having more
than a boy's fight for the nomination
to the seat so long held by Caleb
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FOR SALE

One farm containing 55 acres located
near Buck Horn, Kentucky, price
\$40 per acre. Contains some wal-
nut timber that will make saw logs.
Also one well of lasting pure water.

Call on or address L. D. BENNETT,
Esq., Hartford, R. F. D. No. 3, or
CAPT. WM. E. BENNETT, U. S.
Army, 120 W. 17th St., Owensboro,
Ky.

TAX VALUATIONS

SHOW SHARP RAISE

Frankfort, Ky., July 9.—The val-
uation of property returned by the
county assessor to the State Tax Com-
mission for the present year, exclusive
of bank deposits, amounted to
\$1,403,047,900, as compared to
\$911,279,258 for last year.

Bank deposits for the present year
were assessed for taxation at \$179,-
147,250, as compared to \$11,277,196
or the year 1917. Exclusive of bank
deposits, the increase in the assessed
valuation of property as returned by
the various counties is 53.9 per cent.
Including bank deposits, the increase in
the assessed valuation of property
over 1917 was 71.5 per cent.

List of Candidates to be voted for
at the Primary Election to be held on
the 3rd day of August, 1918.



DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

UNITED STATES SENATOR,
WILLIAM PRESTON KIMBALL,
OLIVE M. JAMES.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF
APPEALS.

W. E. SETTLE.

J. W. HENSON.



REPUBLICAN PARTY.

UNITED STATES SENATOR,
R. J. HETHURUM.
BEN L. BLUNER.

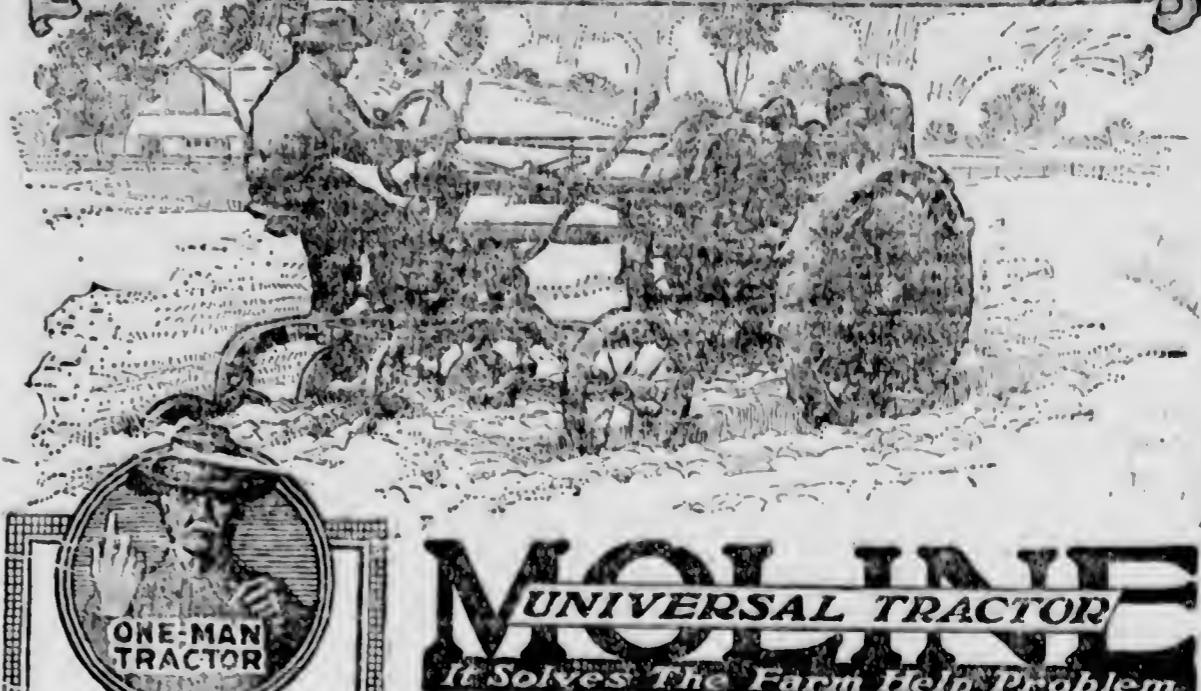
FOR CONGRESS,
JOHN P. HASWELL, JR.
ISAAC S. MASON.

JUDGE OF THE COURT OF
APPEALS.

F. J. PENTECOST.

MUSKER L. HEAVRIN.

With Self Starter and Electric Lights



Here's what one man and a
Moline-Universal tractor
can do in a day of 10 hours:

Plow 7 to 9 acres; disc 27 acres
with a 7-hp. tandem disc; disc 36
acres with a 10-hp. disc; harrow 76
acres with a 20-ft. peg-tooth harrow;
plant 14 acres with a two-row
planter; plant 43 acres with four
row planter; cultivate from 14 to 20
acres with a two-row cultipede;
drill 35 acres with an 8-ft. grain drill;
harvest 25 acres with an 8-ft. grain
bin; bind 10 acres with a corn
bin; mow 25 acres with an 8-ft.
mower; rake 40 acres with 12-ft.
rake; rake 25 acres with an 8-ft. side
delivery rake; load 12 acres of hay,
etc.

No end of odd jobs can be
done with the

Model D

Because of its ideal design,
construction and performance,
this new Moline-Universal
enables one man to farm more
land and produce more food
than ever before possible. It is
the world's most dependable
farm hand.

New features include self-
starter; electric lights; electrical
governor; perfected overhead
valve, four-cylinder engine that
is free from vibration; complete
enclosure of all moving parts;
differential lock which increases
traction.

Drop forgings, heat-treated
parts, steel cut gears and un-
usually large bearings add extra
years of endurance.

These new features, together
with the well known Moline-
Universal type—all the weight
on two wheels, one-man control
and ability to do all farm work
including cultivating—make the
Moline-Universal Model D the
best tractor money can buy.

Conservatively rated at 9.18,
the new Moline-Universal has
ample power for heavy belt work,
and can plow as much in a day
with two plows as the ordinary
three-plow tractor, because of its
greater speed. Yet it is light
enough for such work as cultivat-
ing, mowing, etc., which do not
require so much power.

We will be glad to tell you all about
this wonderful tractor. The next time
you are in town call on us.

E. P. BARNES & BRO. BEAVER DAM, KY.

BEADS ODDLY STRUNG.

(By J. H. Thomas.)

It is easy to make two blades of
grass grow where one grew before if
you plant Bermuda grass.

• • •

Snake stories disappeared from the
newspapers along with the liquor ad-
vertisements.

• • •

The bargain hunter's attention is
respectfully referred to the dealers
in second hand saloon fixtures.

• • •

The city officials should have the
grass along the pavements cut or re-
peal the stock law and let the cows
do it.

• • •

Tax Commissioner Ward is a won-
derin' who is goin' to pay the tax on
the dog the carnival people left here.

• • •

It ain't no use to preach agin
dancin'. Lambs will play.

• • •

I liked the Fourth of July fair all
right, but the women an' children
complained about not gettin' no water
to drink.

• • •

Daddy had two mighty good rulea
if I don't live by 'em. One was, 'If
you air goin' to do anything at all do
it now,' and the other'n was, 'There
ain't no use a hittin' unless you hit
hard.'

• • •

The three troublesome things in the
world air your neighbor's chickens,
the bill collectors and fussy wives.

• •

July Specials!

Our stock is now very complete both in piece goods and ready to wear garments for mid-summer. Our buyers have just returned from the market, where they picked up some desirable merchandise at a low price.



Piece Goods Department.

20c Fancy Voiles.....	15c
25c Fancy Organandies	20c
40c Flaxons (white only)	35c
60c White Organdy	50c
85c Silks (shirting patterns	75c
60c Fancy Gaberdine Skirting.....	50c
60c White Skirting	50c

Ready-to-Wear Department.

Sheer Voil Waists36c, .46c to \$1.00
Organandy Waists.....	\$1.25
Fancy White Waists	\$2.00
Plain White Voil Waists.....	\$2.00
Crepe de Chine Waists	\$3.50
Georgette Waists, all colors	\$5.00
White Skirts	\$1.25 to \$3.50
Wool Skirts	\$4.00 to \$8.00
Poplin Skirts,	\$3.50 to \$6.50
Mid-Summer Coats	\$10.00 to \$25.00

McCall Patterns carried in stock.

Buy War Savings Stamps and trade with

Eazz & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS

The Hartford Republican

FRIDAY.....JULY 12

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 116—
Due at Hartford.....9:05 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford.....6:45 p. m.
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

Personal News and Social Events.

Deeds and mortgages for sale at this office.

You can get your Bale Ties at ACTON BROS. 212

Mr. Hill Keene, of Trisler, was in town Tuesday.

Huy that good Refrigerator from ACTON BROS. 212

Mr. Will Fair did not know any news this week.

Don't forget the big patriotic meeting here August 8th.

If you have something to sell advertise it in the Republicau.

Whippoorwill Peas \$2.75 per bu. at 50tf W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mr. Tom Likens and family are visiting relatives in Illinois.

Mrs. Lillian Finley, Madisonville, is visiting Miss Ruth Tichenor.

Our subscriber longest in arrears has paid up; who will be next?

A protracted meeting will begin at Cedar Grove church Sunday.

TARZAN OF THE APES "has 219 Thrills" says the New York American.

Master Glenn Bright, of Vanzant, spent last week with his aunt, Miss Etta Holder.

Mrs. S. T. Brown, of Centertown, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Isaac Foster, at the Commercial Hotel.

The Ohio County Drug Co., has a line of box paper never before equalled in Hartford. 213

Judge and Mrs. W. H. Barnes and Miss Myrtle Lashbrook spent Wednesday in Calhoun.

New goods, comprising box paper ready for your inspection at the Ohio County Drug Co. 213

Dr. and Mrs. O. B. Heavrin, of Owensboro, have gone to Atlantic City for several weeks.

TARZAN OF THE APES—The Giant Jungle life startles, Thrills, Amuses. Star Theater. July 16.

Miss Orrel Fielden, of Louisville, came down Tuesday to spend a week with friends in Hartford.

The county court clerk will have the tax books ready for the sheriff about the first of August.

Mr. Harvey Ford, of Fordsville, visited his uncle, Dr. E. W. Ford, here the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bell spent Sunday with the family of Mr. Everett Tichenor, at Pleasant Grove.

Miss Mattie Tichenor, of Nashville, is visiting her brother, Jailer Tichenor and sister, Mrs. John Bell.

Mr. Luther Miller, of Beaver Dam Route 2, had his arm broken by the kick of a colt, a few days ago.

By a recent order of the county court the voting place in Smallhouse precinct was changed to Equality.

A complete line in all departments is what the Ohio County Drug Co., is constantly striving to keep up. 213

Revs. J. W. Cantrill and Harper pastor of the church, are holding a protracted meeting at Washington.

Mrs. V. A. Matthews and little son, of Fordsville, are spending the week with relatives in Breckenridge county.

Mr. Harry Monroe, of Louisville, was in town the first of the week. Mr. Monroe is in the insurance business.

For Oil Stoves, Cook Stoves, Ranges, or anything in the stove line at a money saving price, see ACTON BROS. 212

Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Alford and son, of White Run, were visitors of Mr. J. E. Davidson and family first of this week.

Mr. L. M. Render and wife, of Louisville, arrived in Hartford yesterday to spend a few days with relatives.

Mr. Oscar Bennett has gone to Stithton, Ky., to accept a position as a civil engineer with government contractors.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Carden, of Fordsville, were the guests of their son, Mr. Charlie Carden a few days this week.

Mrs. M. L. Heavrin visited her sister, Mrs. C. M. Heavrin and Mrs. L. C. Leach, in Owensesoro the first of the week.

Mr. Charlie Howard has accepted employment with Boad Brothers and will have supervision of their teams at Livermore.

Mrs. Lon Allen and children, of Narrows, were guests of Mrs. Allen's parents, Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Foreman, last week.

Messrs. John Glenn and W. S. Tinsley and Dr. J. R. Pirtle did a bit of fishing down Rough river the latter part of last week.

Attorney M. L. Heavrin and Sheriff S. A. Bratcher returned Wednesday from a business trip to Camp Hattiesburg, Mississippi.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Riley returned Tuesday to their home at Union City, Tenn., after spending a few days with relatives here.

Mrs. Jesse Bean and little son, Leonard Thomas, were visitors with Mr. Leonard Bean and the family of Mr. Henry Carson.

Miss Gussie Tichenor, of Arkansas, and Cathlene Tichenor, of Center town, were the week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Bratcher.

The Fiscal court will meet in an adjourned session here to-day. The meeting will be devoted chiefly to the matter of fall road work.

Lieut. Richard H. Slack, son of Judge R. W. Slack, of Owensboro, has been appointed assistant to the adjutant major, at Camp Taylor.

See us for your Rubber Roofing. We can save you money. ACTON BROS. 212

If bacon were just now as plentiful as beans nobody would need to go hungry.

TARZAN OF THE APES at the Star Theater, July 16th. Matinee 2:30; Night, 8:30. Admission—22 and 33 cents.

Rev. Warren, of Bowling Green, will begin a protracted meeting at Pleasant Valley the first Sunday in August.

Master Bratcher Hillbrow, of Nocreek, was the guest of his grand-parents, Sheriff and Mrs. S. A. Bratcher the first of the week.

Little Miss Tryphena, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Howard, is visiting the family of Mr. Garfield Barnard, at Dundee.

Mrs. Fred Taylor and son, of Princeton, are visiting Mrs. Taylor's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Chapman, at Beaver Dam.

Mrs. Corrie Williams and Miss Dora E. Gibson, of Louisiana, will arrive the last of the week to visit Mrs. Alcey Tichenor.

Mrs. Thomas Petrie and daughters, Misses Ruth and Lelia, of Indianapolis, Indiana, are visiting Mrs. Petrie's father, Judge J. E. Fogle.

Miss Catherine Hampton, of the Widows and Orphans Home of the Christian church, at Louisville, is visiting Mrs. J. H. Williams.

Mr. R. L. Paris, of Texas, came in Monday for a brief stay with relatives in the county. Mr. Paris was formerly marshal of Hartford.

Miss Willye Smith, who is employed in one of the government departments at Washington, will leave soon for France.

Mr. Ellis Foster, with Carson & Co., is spending his vacation with his mother, Mrs. J. P. Foster, at Nocreek. Mr. Foster's wife and baby are with him.

Judge W. E. Settle, candidate for judge of the Appellate court, was in town Sunday, and addressed the patriotic meeting at the Methodist church.

Mr. Al Anderson and wife and daughter, Mrs. Theodore Heady, and husband, of Owensesoro, were guests of the family of Mr. Karl Anderson Sunday.

Mr. W. G. Bennett and daughter, Miss Esther and grand daughter, Gladys, are spending a few days with his son, Mr. L. T. Bennett, at Shinkle Chapel.

An all day service will be held at the Church at Horse Branch Sunday. Revs. Ward Taylor, Albert Maddox and J. W. Beagle will deliver addresses.

Ray Faught, Archie Davis David Wilson and Randall R. Brown, of Beaver Dam, have entered the Naval Training School at Great Lakes, near Chicago.

Mrs. Laura Stevens and daughter, Mrs. J. W. Jones, of Murray, who has been visiting her, are in Louisville, the guests of Mrs. Stevens' son, Rev. E. C. Stevens.

Misses Mattye and Gladys Maddox who have been visiting Misses Bessie Mason and Pearl Tichenor, at Center town, have returned to their homes at Owensesoro.

Mr. Horace Smith and family and Mrs. Nade Travis and children, of the Washington neighborhood, have gone on a visit to relatives in Edmonson and Barren counties.

Mrs. A. K. Miller and daughter, Miss Myrtle, of Tulsa, Okla., are at Beaver Dam to spend the summer with Mrs. Miller's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Chapman.

Mr. Reuel Duke and wife and little daughter, Mildred, of Henderson, are visiting his brother, Mr. Ramsey Duke, and sister, Mrs. W. A. Brown, next town, this week.

Gilbert Wright and J. W. Sutton, of near Horton, had a scrap a few days ago, and each came to town and swore out a warrant charging the other with assaulting him.

Joe Williams, for many years Illinois Central depot agent at Beaver Dam, who was recently transferred to Greenville, has been reassigned to his old post at Beaver Dam, and everybody who has to deal with the I. C. office at that point welcomes the old boy back.

In a letter to her cousin, Miss Mary Austin Carson, Miss Verna Duke, who is employed in government work in Canada, says she is enjoying life in the Dominion, but longs to see the old Ohio county landmarks again. Miss Duke will visit the county about Thanksgiving.

New Poultry House

We have opened a Produce House in Hartford, Ky., next door to older's grocery, and we are going to pay the highest cash prices every day in the week.

Hens	23 cts.
Springers	29 cts.
Roosters	13 cts.
Eggs, per doz.	28 cts.
Packing Butter, lb.	25 cts.

Kentucky Creameries,

Owned and operated by Armour & Co., Incorporated. United States Food Administration License No. G-27794.

L. T. RILEY, Manager.

POULTRY WANTED!

Hens, 22c; Roosters, 12c;
Ducks, 12c; Turkeys, 15c;
Geese, 7c; Springers, 8c.

Subject to Change of Market.

Watch These Columns

Our prices will appear each week.
We buy poultry every day.

DAVIDSON - SEAY - ADAMS CO.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO, Managers.

License No. G-04781.

Mrs. James L. Brashears, of Louisville, arrived in Hartford Monday to spend two weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Thomas. Mr. Brashears will come down Saturday.

Ves Howard, of near Horton, was arrested yesterday on a charge of taking and carrying away a part of a bale of fencing wire belonging to F. T. Patton. Ves pleads not guilty.

Messes Ilene and Hope Ward, of Owensesoro, have been guests of their cousin, J. Casyk Bennett for the past two weeks, have gone to the country to visit their father, Mr. Warren Ward.

Prof. Roy Foreman, of Goshen, has been elected Principal of the Center town Graded School. Miss Irene Rhoades, of Beaver Dam, and Miss Mathews, of Centertown, will be his assistants.

Mrs. C. B. Kniskern, of Brookline, Mass., who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Felix, has gone to Bardstown to visit her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Kalskern.

The Ohio County Bible School, of the Christian church, will hold its annual convention at Fordsville Sunday. Dinner will be served on the ground, and a pleasant and profitable day is anticipated.

Mrs. Fred Zimmerman (formerly Miss Ola Hoover) and two children, of Attica, Okla., who are spending a month with relatives near Friedland and other points in the county, were guests of Jess Hoover and family during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Allen, of Fordsville, Mrs. Oscar Allen, of Bardstown, Mrs. Hallie McDaniel and Mrs. Francis Raley, of Beaver Dam, motor to Logansport, Sunday and spent the day with friends.

In a letter to her cousin, Miss Mary Austin Carson, Miss Verna Duke, who is employed in government work in Canada, says she is enjoying life in the Dominion, but longs to see the old Ohio county

WILL GRADE UP COAL.

The United States Fuel Administration is taking active measures to improve the grade of coal sent to market. When speeding up in every department of manufacturing is made necessary by war demands business can not afford to be handicapped by low grade fuel. Thousands of tons of slate, coppers and dirt cumber the already overburdened railroads, and the Fuel Administrator insists this cumbersome weight must be left with the waste at the mines. Agents are being sent directly to the mines to investigate such conditions, to see to the correction of the trouble complained of. Where mines are found deliberately shipping low grade coal definite action will be taken to stop it.

Load It Clean.

(By Rufus T. Strohm.)

It's a whale of a job that you're facin'—

You fellows with shovels nn' drills—

For the railroad nn' factories is racin',

An' so is the shops an' the mills;

An' there musn't be haitin' or slowin'

Of engine or belt or machine,

So dig into the work—make a show-

in'—

But in loadin' the coal, keep it clean!

If your output is dirty an' bony,

An' you're blind to the sinte an' the rock,

Why, your love for your country is phony;

Or your patriotism's in hock;

For you've got to be whit, or you're yellow,

Since there ain't nny 'twixt-an-be-

tween,

So come on—be a regular fellow—

When you're loadin' the coal, load it clean!

If a transport chock-full of your yonkers.

Takin' your boy an' my boy to France, Has a load of bum coal in her bunkers,

She's got less than a ghost of a chance.

For she's bound to destruction an' ruin

If a submarine bobs on the scene, So, for God's sake, take care what you're doin'!

When you're loadin' the coal, load it clean!

Are You One of Them?

There are a great many people who would be very much benefited by taking Chamberlain's Tablets for a week or disordered stomach. Are you one of them? Mrs. M. R. Searl, Baldwinville, N. Y., relates her experience in the use of these tablets: "I had a bad spell with my stomach about six months ago, and was troubled for two or three weeks with gas and severe pains in the pit of my stomach. Our druggist advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I took a bottle home and the first dose relieved me wonderfully, and I kept on taking them until I was cured." These tablets do not only relieve pain but after the pain has been relieved may prevent its recurrence.

"ATTABOYS," LONDON NOW CALLS YANKS

London, July 6.—Just when Londoners had become accustomed to calling the American soldiers "Yanks," they've learned a new appellation for them which they declare is even more appropriate.

It's "Attaboys!"

American baseball fans will recognize its source immediately.

"Yanks" gained its popularity before the great American pastime was played so generally in England and in France.

When the English heard the Yankees cry "Attaboy!" as some player hit out a three-bagger, they immediately started an inquiry into the meaning of the term. One English paper described it thus:

"The term expresses the satisfaction of the spectator with some meritorious performance of a player; literally it means, 'That's the stuff, my boy!'"

All the London papers took it up, with the result that in London, at least, the Americans are now almost unanimously called "Attaboys."

SINK FIVE U-BOATS.

An Atlantic Port, July 4.—Destruction in European waters of five German submarines by British transports, and by American and British destroyers convoying them, was described by passengers who arrived here to-day on an English liner. The transports, one of which was carrying 7,000 American soldiers to Europe, accounted for three of the U-boats, and the destroyers sank the other two, according to the voyagers. Officers of the liner confirmed their stories.

The passengers witnessed the torpedoing of the 5,436-ton British freighter Orissa, which was part of their convoy, when the fleet was approximately a day out, steaming west from the British Isles. The Orissa, bound in ballast for the United States,

was sent to the bottom by an unseen submarine. A moment later, however, an American destroyer in the protecting fleet detected the underslung boat below the surface and dropped a depth bomb, making a direct hit, according to the story related here. The same evening a U-boat was sighted by the passenger vessel, whose gunners sank it by shellfire.

The other three submarines were destroyed according to the returned travelers, on the eastward trip of another convoy. They declared that a large British transport with 7,000 American troops aboard rammed a submarine, which was sighted with two others in the sudden lifting of a heavy fog. Almost simultaneously with the disappearance of the first submarine beneath the transport's bow, the big ship's gunners accounted for another of the German craft, while a British destroyer disposed of the third.

U. S. CASUALTIES AGGREGATE 11,086

Washington, July 7.—Casualties in the army and Marine Corps in the American expeditionary forces increased by 703 during the week, compared with 497 the previous week, and aggregate 11,086 with the inclusion of to-day's army list giving 117 names and the Marine Corps list giving 53 names. Total deaths, including 291 men lost at sea, men killed in action, dead of wounds, disease, accident and other causes number 4,414—army men, 3,917; Marines, 497.

The wounded aggregate 6,169—army men, 5,200; marine, 969. Those missing in action, including prisoners, total 503—army men 452; marines, 51.

Of the week's increase 438 were army men and 265 marines. Killed in action and other deaths numbered 285, those wounded totaled 303 and the missing and prisoners 115.

The army casualties summary as officially announced to-day follows:

Killed in action (including 291 lost at sea), 1,574; died of wounds, 532; died of disease, 1,322; died of accident and other causes, 489; wounded in action, 5,200; missing in action (including prisoners), 452. Total, 9,569.

The Marine Corps casualty summary follows:

Death, 497; wounded, 969; in hands of enemy, 2; missing, 49; Total, 1, 517.

Officers included in the Marine Corps summary were: Deaths, 21; wounded, 28; missing 2. The army summary does not note the number of officers included.

Uncle Sam's training camp therapists will do a \$3,500,000 business in the first year of operation under the Commission on Training Camp Activities if the people back home will provide the soldiers with their tickets by sending them Smileage Books, says the Smileage Division of the commission. Smileage coupons to the amount of \$355,000 have been redeemed to date.

Nearly 2,000,000 girls and boys have volunteered for the United States Garden Army in the Department of the Interior. Their service flag bears a cross rakk and hoe with the letters U. S. S. G. in blue on a field of white with red border. The enlistment entails a pledge on the part of the child to use efforts to increase food production by cultivating one or more crops under a garden supervisor or teacher chosen for this work to make such reports as may be required.

MORE SMALL ARMS FOR EXPEDITIONARY FORCES

German timidity before American pistol fighters armed with American .45 caliber automatic pistols has brought about a change in the equipment of the American Expeditionary Forces by the War Department, and the Ordnance Department is rushing production of these weapons. About 3,000 are turned out daily and production is increasing. The impression exists that one shot from an American .45 takes a man out of action completely. Men hit from the smaller German pistol frequently continue in action effectively. The .45 caliber was adopted by the United States Army in 1911.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

The Department of Labor reports adjustment of 39 industrial disputes during a recent week. This is a record. Eleven strikes and two threatened strikes were adjusted. Included in the strikes settled was that of machinists at the Curtiss Aeroplane Co. plant, Buffalo, where 300 men quit and 15,000 were affected indirectly.

The U-boats are wasting some of our food; don't be a U-boat.

Ask no rest; we have a victory to win.

FIGHTING NEAR CLOUDS.

Ensign Stephen Potter, United States Naval Reserve Force, killed in action with German planes April 25 last, was the first American naval aviator to shoot down and destroy a German seaplane, according to a Navy Department statement.

The report states that on March 19, 1918, a long-distance reconnaissance of the German coast was made by large American flying boats operating from a British Royal Air Force station. Ensign Potter was one of two American naval aviators accompanying this expedition, and Potter was successful in shooting down a German seaplane which attacked the reconnaissance formation. A second enemy seaplane found safety in running away.

Potter's death reflected credit on his courage. He was killed in a fight with seven enemy single-seaters. He was second pilot to a British Air Force captain who was with him when he shot down the German plane in March. Two British planes had flown to a point 6 miles from Hinder Light, when two enemy planes headed toward them. The British planes closed on the nearest German and opened fire. Two more hostile planes then appeared overhead and attacked vigorously, while three other enemy planes passed astern. The two British planes dived and sped westward under continuous volleys from the rear. One of the Germans disappeared.

Of the seven Germans in action, four were attacking Potter, who fell behind his companion and began to zigzag. Potter dodged but was broadside to all the enemy machines and under their fire only 50 feet from the water. His companion, 250 feet above, saw Potter's machine burst into flame, come down part of the way under control, then crash on the port wing tip. Potter was seen last on the surface of the water amid flames, which turned suddenly to a huge cloud of smoke. When the pall had cleared not even the wreckage was visible and the circling enemy disappeared.

GROVER CLEVELAND'S SON JOINS MARINE CORPS

Richard Folson Cleveland, son of former President Grover Cleveland, has enlisted in the Marine Corps. Young Cleveland is not yet 21 years old, and, at the request of his mother, finished his junior year in Princeton University before enlisting.

LOANS TO OUR ALLIES.

With recent loans of nearly \$16,000,000 to Greece and \$11,000,000 to Belgium, the aggregate loans made by the United States to our allies now amount to practically \$6,000,000,000.

DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro. Com'mr. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.

Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.

Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.

Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.

1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.

1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.

4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month. Judge—Mack Cook.

County Att'y.—A. D. Kirk.

Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.

Sheriff—S. A. Bratcher.

Superintendent—E. S. Howard.

Jailer—Worth Tichenor.

Tax Commissioner—D. E. Ward.

Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.

Coroner—Dr. A. B. Riley.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets Tuesday after first Monday in January, April and October.

1st District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 3.

2nd District—Sam L. Stevens, Beaver Dam.

3rd District—Q. B. Brown, Simmons.

4th District—G. W. Rowe, Center-town.

5th District—W. C. Daugherty, Baileytown.

6th District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.

7th District—B. F. Rice, Fordsville.

8th District—B. C. Rhoades, Hartford, Route 6.

HARTFORD.

Mayor—J. E. Bean.

Clerk—J. A. Howard.

Police Judge—C. M. Crowe.

Marshal—E. P. Casebeer.

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GROVER CLEVELAND'S SON JOINS MARINE CORPS

Richard Folson Cleveland, son of former President Grover Cleveland, has enlisted in the Marine Corps. Young Cleveland is not yet 21 years old, and, at the request of his mother, finished his junior year in Princeton University before enlisting.

LOANS TO OUR ALLIES.

With recent loans of nearly \$16,000,000 to Greece and \$11,000,000 to Belgium, the aggregate loans made by the United States to our allies now amount to practically \$6,000,000,000.

HOTEL POWHATAN WASHINGTON, D.C.
HOTEL OF AMERICAN IDEALS
In a city where good hotels abound, the Powhatan heads the list. It is first in the hearts of its countrymen.

The Powhatan is refined, exclusive, local, and elegant. Its excellent location on Pennsylvania Avenue, 18th and 19th Streets, makes it a desirable headquarters for bridal couples, tourist parties, conventions, schools and colleges.

The Powhatan attracts the people of culture and education, the prominent men of State and Navy Departments, also to many points of historical interest, makes the hotel especially attractive to a discriminating public.

The Powhatan offers rooms well decorated, rates \$15.00, \$20.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$2.50, \$3.00 and up. Write for booklet with map.

CLIFFORD M. LEWIS,
Manager.

Trade-marks promptly obtained in all countries. That pay dividends throughout the world.

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Farm Department

The Belgian hare is one of the best rabbits for table use. It weighs more than most breeds, develops rapidly, and the quality of the meat is superior to all the others. The Flemish gaat is a Belgian hare bred exclusively large size, with the result that the meat is coarser and less delicate in flavor. These characteristics are considered by some persons as desirable, but this is largely a matter of individual taste.

Cut Weeds Before Seeds Mature.
Many weeds are propagated only by seeds. Weed seeds are produced in large numbers along roadsides, fence rows, and ditch banks, in vacant fields, and in waste places, and the seeds are scattered by wind, water, birds, and other agents. By cutting the weeds before the seeds are sufficiently mature to germinate, an enormous amount of trouble and labor and loss could be avoided; but only the most progressive farmers do this.

On Every Farm—100 Hens.
There should be 100 hens on every farm in the United States, declares a recent publication from the office of the Secretary of Agriculture, Circular 107. And we should obtain 100 eggs from every hen. With approximately 6,000,000 farms, that would mean 600,000,000 hens and 60,000,000,000 eggs per year, according to the calculations of the writers, who then add that that number of eggs constitutes a military resource not to be ignored.

One hundred hens on every farm is not a particularly big contract. There is hardly a farm in the United States but could support that number of hens practically on its waste materials and without materially added cost. One hundred hens to a farm is considerably less than the average number of hens to a farm in many of the better poultry-producing sections of the country. It is an average that could easily be maintained in the sections of the country where the average per farm is now lower. One hundred eggs from every hen, while far below what could be obtained with proper encouragement of towns, is considerably more than the average egg production the country over. Suggestions for attaining this average are given in the publication mentioned.

The British breeds of sheep amply demonstrate the possibility of obtaining large yields of wool and meat from the same animals, and with both commodities in strong demand the flocks of the future will develop still further upon a wool and mutton basis.

Don't treat lightly the boy who sells "hot roasted peanuts" at the ball park. Peanuts are a splendid food, cheap and nutritious." The United States Department of Agriculture says so.

Corn In Silo Saves \$37 An Acre On A 50-Bushel Crop.

At least 37 per cent of the digestible material of the corn plant is left in the stover when the ears only are used. When corn is husked this 37 per cent goes into the silo with the 63 per cent in the ear. The importance of this saving will be more apparent when given a money value. With a yield of 50 bushels an acre the value of grain is \$75, at \$1.50 a bushel. Since the stover contains more than one-third of the food nutrients, it is worth at least one-half as much as the grain, or \$37.50. How many farmers will willingly leave in the field \$37.50 an acre? Yet this is done in many sections of the country where the corn is husked and the stover left in the field.

How corn in shock loses.

But suppose the dry stover is fed as roughage. Even then it is not saved as completely as in silage. When, under ordinary farm conditions, corn is cured in the shock, the loss of dry matter is approximately 25 per cent and may be as high as 45 per cent. These losses are due to the breaking off of leaves by the wind and in handling, and to destructive fermentations. The loss of dry matter in the silo is very slight when the silo is tight and the silage well packed at the time of filling. As silage, the cornstalk is all consumed, but as stover, unless it is shredded, only the leaves are eaten, and even then a great part of the stalk is discarded. Some feeding experiments show that even in shredded stover the portion discarded is as high as 31 per cent. This is in addition to the loss of dry matter during the curing process.

Make Silage of Immature Crop.

Too frequently an unfavorable season like that of last year results in the loss of the whole corn plant or in immature soft corn that is of little value. By far the best method to utilize corn which is immature at harvesting time is to put it into the

silo. Even frosted corn will make satisfactory silage if harvested at once. If it becomes dry it may be saved by adding water during the filling process.

The making of as much silage as can be used will do much to conserve the feed supply. Have you planned to fill that silo?

An Englishman in charge of fifty miles sent to the front untrained and more or less wild writes home: "I have never allowed a switch to be used, or mule to be badly treated by beatings, nor allowed them to be put in stocks when being shod. Kindness has paid in a wonderful way. Our mules let us do what we like with them. There are still one or two timid ones, but we have no difficulty in harnessing, shoeing or handling, and they are the most willing and sensible of beasts, except when they are up against a load which they can not move, and in that case they jib. They have no disease of any kind. Indeed, I was congratulated the other day in having the best-conditioned mules in the division, not a poor one amongst them."

See that the pigs do not lose one hour on the road to profitable hogs. See that you supply their wants. The pigs like and dislike just as you and I. Of course, ordinarily, he will eat most anything in any form at any time. But when he is on full feed, receiving all that he can eat every day his feeder must cater to the pig's appetite. His feed must be tempting, palatable and suitable to his desires. The big thing which interferes with gain of a fat hog is the loss of appetite. The appetite must be whetted by tasty foods. Many breeders use molasses as an appetizer.

CANNING LESSON NO. 20. Greens.

Wash until no dirt can be felt in the bottom of the pan. Blanch in steam 15 minutes. (Mineral water is lost if blanched in water.) Cold-dip, cut in small pieces and pack or pack whole. Do not pack too tightly. Add 1 teaspoonful of salt to each jar and cover with boiling water. Put on rubber and top and adjust top ball or screw top on with thumb and little finger. Sterilize 120 minutes in hot-water bath. Remove, complete seal and cool, says the National War Garden commission.

Lima Beans.

Shell. Blanch 5 to 10 minutes. Cold-dip, pack in jar, add 1 teaspoonful of salt and cover with boiling water. Put on rubber and top and adjust top ball or screw top on with thumb and little finger. Sterilize 120 minutes in hot-water bath. Remove, complete seal and cool.

With steam pressure outfit sterilize 60 minutes at 5 to 10 pounds pressure.

Pumpkin, Winter Squash.

Remove seed. Cut the pumpkin or squash into strips. Peel and remove stringy center. Slice into small pieces and boil until thick. Pack in jar and sterilize 120 minutes in hot-water bath. Remove, complete seal and cool.

With steam pressure outfit sterilize 60 minutes at 5 to 10 pounds pressure.

Okra.

Wash and remove stems. Blanch 10 to 15 minutes, cold-dip and pack in jar. Add one teaspoonful of salt and cover with boiling water. Put on rubber and top, and adjust top ball or screw top on with thumb and little finger. Sterilize 120 minutes in hot-water bath. Remove, complete seal and cool.

With steam pressure outfit sterilize 60 minutes at 5 to 10 pounds pressure.

Peppers.

Wash, stem and remove seeds. Blanch five to ten minutes, cold-dip and pack in jar. Add one teaspoonful of salt. Cover with boiling water, put on rubber and top and adjust top ball or screw top on with thumb and little finger. Sterilize 120 minutes in hot-water bath. Remove, complete seal and cool.

With steam pressure outfit sterilize 60 minutes at 5 to 10 pounds pressure.

How Any Girl Can Have Pretty Eyes

No girl is pretty if her eyes are red, strained or have dark rings. ONE WASH with pure Lavoptik eye wash will brighten the eyes and a week's use will surprise you with its INCREDIBLE results. A small bottle of Lavoptik often makes eyes healthy, sparkling and vivacious. The quick change will please you. Alumnum eye cup FREE. Harrel Bros. druggists at Rockport.

NEGRO SOLDIERS ARE HANGED FOR ASSAULT

Camp Dodge, Ia., July 5.—Three negro soldiers, convicted by court-martial of "assaulting and outraging" a 17-year-old white girl on the camp grounds the night of May 24, were hanged here to-day with virtually the entire division witnessing the executions.

The three traps were sprung simultaneously at 9:09 o'clock and death was almost instantaneous. The negroes marched onto the scaffold singing "God Have Mercy On My Soul."

The negroes were Nelson Johnson, of Tuscaloosa, Ala.; Stanley Tramble, of Strand, Ala., and Fred Allen, of Georgiana, Ala., all selective service men.

Johnson and Tramble were declared by military police officers to have confessed their complete guilt, but Allen, while admitting his presence when the crime was committed, maintained he had not outraged the girl.

Several Spectators Faint.

Three negro soldiers among the spectators fainted when the men dropped to their death and another ran amuck. He started on a dead run directly toward the scaffold, but guards overpowered him. A white soldier also fainted.

Four negroes were arrested the morning after the assault, which occurred shortly before midnight May 24. One suspect was acquitted when it was established that he was not near the scene of the crime.

With a young soldier escort the girl was sitting on the hillside when, according to her story at the trial, four negroes approached. One of them represented himself as a military policeman, struck her escort a blow on the head and in the stomach, dazing him.

The girl's screams and the alarm sounded by her escort when he recovered aroused the camp. Military police threw out a dragnet that resulted in the arrest of the men early the next morning. A summary court-martial started a few days afterward, but the finding of the court was not announced until yesterday, after it had been reviewed and approved by President Wilson.

Both the girl and her escort were from Des Moines, Iowa.

Doing Good.

Few medicines have met with more favor or accomplished more good than Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. John F. Jantzen, Delamere, Sask., says of it, "I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy myself and in my family, and can recommend it as being an exceptionally fine preparation."

SUBMARINES SUNK.

Washington.—With the co-operation of American destroyers the allied naval forces have destroyed 65 per cent of the submarines sent out by Germany, according to a statement of Senator Swanson, of Virginia, chairman of the senate naval affairs committee. The German submarines, he said, are being sunk faster than they can be built.

"The allies have destroyed 65 per cent of the submarines sent out by Germany," Senator Swanson said. "That is five per cent more than I spoke of during the raid along our Atlantic coast. We are gaining against them all the time. We are destroying their submarines faster than they can replace them."

No Longer Fined.

The senator said he was of the opinion that the submarine or submarine engaged in the recent raid had gone back to Germany. "I look for it to return or another one to come in its place, but that will make no difference in our plans," he continued. It will not interfere with the troop movements to France."

The senator explained that it was the opinion of naval experts that there was only one submarine in the recent raid.

"One could have done all the destruction we know about," he said. "The military effect of the raid was nothing."

Doing hard work in a bent or stooping position puts a strain in the back that is painful. If the muscles have become strained, you can't get rid of it without help. The great penetrating power of BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT will appeal to you most strongly at such times, because it is the very thing you need. Price 20c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Ohio Co. Drug C.

Hairy Drowned.

George, the nine-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Shocklee, who live near Livermore, was drowned in a sump bucket a few days ago. He had just learned to crawl and had crawled himself up to the sump pail and fell in head first. Before he was missed from the house he had drowned. The funeral was conducted from the residence, with interment in the Pleasant Hills burying grounds.

LABOR-SAVING DEVICES.

The following suggestions for making a little labor go a long way have been collected from various sources and are here tabulated:

Plan your work long ahead, and keep a long way ahead of your work.

See that your machinery is in first-class condition; don't waste time with repairs in the field; have plenty of grease on the bearings and keep all the cutting edges sharp.

Use a two-row cultivator with three mules; it will do the work of two men and four mules.

Don't loaf on rainy days.

Keep the boys and girls working; but remember that they are only boys and girls, and don't try to make them do the work of men and women.

Place orders early for fertilizers, seeds and implements, then you will not waste time waiting for them to reach you.

Wherever you can, use machinery to save man-power.

Co-operate heartily with your neighbors for such work as filling the silos, threshing, etc. In many localities great results have been accomplished by "pooling" labor. If you can't afford to buy all the machinery you need, club with your neighbors and between you equip the locality with the implements which can be used to the best advantage.

The government maintains free employment agencies. If you need help, ask your county agent.

See that the pigs do not lose one hour on the road to profitable hogs. See that you supply their wants. The pigs like and dislike just as you and I. Of course, ordinarily, he will eat most anything in any form at any time. But when he is on full feed, receiving all that he can eat every day his feeder must cater to the pig's appetite. His feed must be tempting, palatable and suitable to his desires. The big thing which interferes with gain of a fat hog is the loss of appetite. The appetite must be whetted by tasty foods. Many breeders use molasses as an appetizer.

SOME WAR CHICKEN:

A carrie woman recently sauntered out in the main street to buy chickens from a dealer. She went into one of the shops and got some.

In the evening she went in a hurry to the same shop and addressed the shopman:

"See here, when I buy chickens from you again I don't want any of your airplane ones."

The shopman looked puzzled, and inquired "What do you mean ma'am?"

"I mean the sort that are all wings and machinery, and no meat."

BIGGEST READING VALUE FOR YOUR FAMILY



Both for \$2.25

The Youth's Companion

High in ideals of home life and civic life. Lively in the amount of reading it brings to all ages. The Best from all sources.

12 Great Serials or Group Stories for 1918—then 250 Shorter Stories. Rare articles by noted authorities. "The best Editorial Page in the country." Current Events, Nature and Science, Family Page, Boys' Page, Girls' Page, Children's Page, Doctor's Corner, Things to Make, Money to Save, Games and Sports to Play, Companion Receipts. 52 issues, \$2.00.

McCall's Magazine

America's Fashion Authority for millions of women. What to wear—how to make it—how to save. 12 splendid numbers full of Fashions and more suggestions. 75 cents per year.

64 issues of everything that will delight all ages, the Best Stories, the Latest Styles, \$2.25

Send \$2.25 to the publishers of the paper in which this Offer appears and get

1. THE YOUTH'S COMPANION for 52 weeks. (This Offer is to new Youth's Companion subscribers only.)
2. The Companion Home Calendar for 1918.
3. McCALL'S MAGAZINE every month for 1 year.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

LEXINGTON, KY., BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

[Inc. and Successor to Wilbur R. Smith Business College]

Business, Short Hand, Type Writing and Telegraphy.

This old and influential college can do much for you at least cost and lowest fees. A high standard of instruction.

Special Course for Government Employees.

Graduates of the college are successful in business.

DEPARTMENT FOR LADIES, under the direction of Mrs. Mary E. P. Smith.

WILBUR R. SMITH - LEXINGTON, KY.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

SOME WAR CHICKEN:

A carrie woman recently sauntered out in the main street to buy chickens from a dealer. She went into one of the shops and got some.

In the evening she went in a hurry to the same shop and addressed the shopman:

"See here, when I buy chickens from you again I don't want any of your airplane ones."

The shopman looked puzzled, and inquired "What do you mean ma'am?"

I decided to

TAKE

CARDUI!

The Woman's Tonic

"I took four bottles,"

Mrs. Jones goes on to say, "and was not only greatly relieved, but can truthfully say that I have not a pain."

STRAY STREAKS

(By Fluke McFluke.)

It appearing from careful investigation that Claude Itankenship, who is a Republican, was able to get the Carnival dancing pavilion and the best of the other good features. In tents, set down or up just in front of his own domicile, we hereby offer apologies to Cooms, Greep and Doe Ford, for intimating that they worked politics in getting the carnival in their section.

A Rial says that Hill Riley said he heard Ernest Birkinhead say Ad Howard told him that Mr. Alec Curtis was wanting some one to give him dancing lessons, as he, Mr. Alec said 'twas an accomplishment most any young man should pride himself on.

We are not going to call or even mention John Henry's name in this column this week. We accidentally discovered that he rather likes it and we'll be jumpin' up and blowed if we do anything he likes if we find it out first.

A man's in hard luck when he takes a trip down the river on Saturday and after getting a good long way from home the dumgoozled motor boat absolutely refuses to run a tick, when he was depending upon said boat to get him back home for Sunday School and preaching, and, then on Monday (with water oozing from the painful and smarting blisters, brought on by hours spent in cranking a dead motor that ought to be buried in — in the Kaiser's bosom) take a good, sound and apparently much deserved drubbing for enforced absence (which you can't explain) over Sunday. If you want to clear a man put me on the jury and then introduce only circumstantial evidence against him, tho be it ever so strong.

This burg does not have any old maids, but it does contain two or three big coves of near old maids and if the war goes on for long, taking the best of the gallants away, it looks like it might be time to start some sort of an old time Brigham Young society, or else these maids are bound to become more numerous as they grow older, tho we will admit they age very, very slowly.

HORSE BRANCH.

Mr. and Mrs. Asa Haycraft and family of Owensboro, are visiting Mr. E. A. White and other relatives.

Mrs. H. V. Morrison is on the sick list.

Mrs. Will DeHart spent July 4th with her son, Mr. Lee Values and family, near Rosine.

Mrs. Jesse Wilkerson and Mrs. Roy Crawford visited friends at Friedland July 4th.

Mrs. J. W. Walker and family spent last Sunday in Narrows with relatives.

Mrs. N. B. Sargeant and son have returned from a several days visit in Paducah.

Mrs. Kate Crahn and Mrs. Joe Stewart have been visiting at Martwick recently.

Mrs. Jeannette Short and daughter, Ivan, recently visited Mrs. Sarah Axton.

Mr. William McDaniel, of Olaton, visited relatives here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Leach visited Mr. and Mrs. Joe Stewart Sunday.

Mrs. Max Ruthart spent July 4th at Letchfield.

Mrs. Will Ferguson and little daughter visited at Sturgis last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Cannon, of Drakesboro, visited Mr. J. H. Cannon last week.

Mrs. J. H. Jennings and Mrs. C. W. Taylor gave an Ice Cream Supper July 4th for their friends.

A large crowd from here attended the fair at Hartford July 4th given by Dr. L. D. Bean.

Rev. Leslie DeHart, of Guston, Ky., visited his sister, Mrs. Jim Ferguson and other relatives. While here he delivered a Patriotic Sermon at the Union Church July 4th.

Mrs. Carl Ferguson visited her sister in Beaver Dam Saturday and Sunday.

EAST VIEW.

The drought was broken at this place by a very heavy rain Monday morning.

Quite a number of people of this place attended the fair at Hartford Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Fielden and H. J. French attended the W. O. W. picnic at Livermore July 4.

Mr. Lou Coots, of Livila, spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Duke.

Mr. H. H. Martin, and Mr. Clarence Johnson and family, of Owensboro, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Homer Martin Sunday.

Mr. Clarence Hartlett and wife ago."

spent Sunday night with Mr. and Mrs. James Bartlett, near Whitesville.

Mr. Ernest Graves and family, of Adahburg, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Estis Jewell Monday night.

Mr. Homer Martin was in Hartford on business Monday.

An ugly scrap was pulled off at an ice cream supper at Mack Newcomer's Saturday night. Some ugly faces and sore scalp wounds resulted.

BEAVER DAM.

Senator J. Albert Leach and Mr. T. J. Stevens spent the week end in Henderson, and while there were the guests of Mr. P. F. Paff and Mrs. Paff.

Messrs. Blair and Alfred Westerfield, and George Davis, U. S. N., who are stationed at Newport, R. I., are home on furlough.

Mr. Harrel Taylor returned to his home in Nortonville Sunday, after a visit to relatives here.

Mrs. Lou Waller, of Evansville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Nettie Chaney.

Mrs. Edna Mitchell and grand son, who have been in Louisville, have returned.

Mr. Harry Monroe, of Louisville, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Shelly Taylor and daughter, Kittle Lee, are visiting relatives here.

Miss Loraine Boiling, of Arkansas, is visiting here.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

W. E. Hoover, 18, Hartford, to Lena Bartlett, 18, Hartford.

Roscoe Shields, 20, Cromwell, to Pauline Johnson, 19, Cromwell.

Frank Hobson, 21, McHenry, to Audrey Raymer, 17, McHenry.

Andrew Philback, 28, Hartford, to Neek Bryant, 18, Hartford.

Lots Hobdy, 27, McHenry, to Fannie Chapman, 28, Centertown.

Joseph P. Graves, 22, Rockport, to Carrie A. Brown, 21, Echoes.

Leslie Edge, 20, Fordsville, to Edna Brown, 19, Hartford.

L. C. Myers, 34, Olaton, to Ida Moorman, 21, Hartford.

U. S. LOANS ITALY TEN MILLION DOLLARS MORE

Washington, July 9.—An additional credit of \$10,000,000 was granted to Italy to-day by the Treasury Department, making a total of \$660,000,000 for Italy and of \$6,091,590,000 loaned to the allies to date.

WITHDRAW PRIVILEGE OF CHOOSING SERVICE

Washington, July 9.—Instructions have been sent by Provost Marshal General Crowder to all local draft boards ordering the cessation of the privilege hitherto granted registered men of selecting the arm of the service in which they desire to enlist when volunteering. It was learned officially, however, that no action has been taken to stop the voluntary enlistment in the navy, of men of Class I.

Secretary Baker said to-day he had conferred with Maj. Gen. Crowder regarding this loss of draft men to the army, but that no decision had been reached to withdraw permission for such enlistments.

INSPECTOR OF SCALES.

Mr. Robert Green, of Rockport, has been appointed by the county court, Inspector of weights and scales for Ohio county. It is the duty of such Inspector to inspect the scales of inns, merchants and in fact all scales used for public purposes. The fee for such inspection must be paid by the owner of the scales. The office has not in most counties proven a very agreeable one to fill, due chiefly to the fact that merchants and others complain at having to pay the inspection fee.

MRS. MILLS TO ADDRESS PARENT-TEACHER MEETING

Mrs. W. L. Mills, of Owenseshore, who has charge of the campaign on illiteracy in this county will address the Parent-Teachers Association at the College Auditorium this afternoon at 3:00 o'clock. The public is invited to attend.

B. Y. P. U. ORGANIZED.

On Saturday night, July 6th, there was a B. Y. P. U. Society organized at the old historical Pond Run Baptist church, near Echoes, with 20 members. Mr. Addie Robertson was chosen President and Miss Rhoda Williams Secretary. Meetings will be held each Saturday, at 8 P. M. Rev. Birch Shields is their pastor.

IN PREFERRED CLASS.

A prominent physician, upon opening the door of his consulting room, asked:

"Who has been walting longest?"

"I have," spoke up a man with a stentorian voice. "I'm your tailor.

I delivered your clothes four weeks

PROGRAM.

Third session, annual Bible Institute, Baptist church, Fordsville, Ky., July 30, to August 4, 1918.

Tuesday, July 30, 1918.

10:00 a. m.—Devotional Service, (Leader to be supplied) Congregational singing and quartette.

10:30 a. m.—Words of Welcome, by pastor, R. L. Brandenburg.

11:00 a. m.—"The Mission of the Church," Rev. Russell Walker.

2:30 p. m.—Song Service and Devotional, (Leader to be supplied.)

3:00 p. m.—"The Ordinance of Baptism," Dr. A. S. Pettle.

8:00 p. m.—Song Services and Devotional, (Leader to be supplied.)

8:15 p. m.—"Church Fluances," Rev. J. W. Itteagle.

9:00 p. m.—"The Budget," Rev. Albert Maddox.

Wednesday, July 31, 1918.

10:00 a. m.—Devotional, (Leader to be supplied,) and Congregational Singing.

10:00 a. m.—"The Lord's Supper," Dr. A. S. Pettle.

11:30 a. m.—"Christians and Crisis," Rev. Russell Walker.

2:30 p. m.—Devotional, (Leader to be supplied) and Quartette.

3:00 p. m.—Subject not Stated, Dr. A. S. Pettle.

4:00 p. m.—"Conditions of Success in Son Winning," Rev. Russell Walker.

8:00 p. m.—Devotional, (Leader to be supplied) and Song Service.

8:15 p. m.—"Missions," Hour's Service in Charge of Rev. J. W. Beagle.

Thursday, August 1, 1918.

10:00 a. m.—Devotional and Song Service.

10:30 a. m.—"A Great Question Asked Out of Curiosity," Rev. Sam P. Martin.

11:30 a. m.—"The Bible the Only Rule of Faith and Practice," Dr. J. W. Porter.

2:30 p. m.—Song and Praise Service.

2:45 p. m.—"The Greatest Question Ever Asked," Rev. Sam P. Martin.

3:45 p. m.—"Contending for the Faith," Dr. J. W. Porter.

8:00 p. m.—Song and Praise Service.

8:15 p. m.—"The Cost and Reward of Discipleship," Rev. Sam P. Martin.

9:15 p. m.—"Sanctification," Dr. J. W. Porter.

Friday, August 2, 1918.

10:00 a. m.—Devotional, (Leader to be supplied) and Song Service.

10:30 a. m.—"Was the Jerusalem Church a Baptist Church? Dr. W. E. Hunter.

2:30 p. m.—"Stewardship," Dr. W. E. Hunter.

8:00 p. m.—Devotional and Quartette.

8:30 p. m.—"Tithing," Dr. W. E. Hunter.

Saturday, August 3, 1918.

10:00 a. m.—Devotional, (Leader to be supplied) and Song Service.

10:30 a. m.—"Stewardship or Tithing," Dr. W. E. Hunter.

2:30 p. m.—"Baptist Landmarks," Rev. O. E. Bryan.

8:00 p. m.—Song and Praise Service.

8:15 p. m.—"State Missions," Rev. O. E. Bryan.

9:15 p. m.—Sunday School and B. Y. P. U. Work, (Speaker to be supplied.)

Sunday, August 4, 1918.

10:30 a. m.—"The Bible School."

11:15 a. m.—Sermon by Rev. O. E. Bryan.

2:30 p. m.—B. Y. P. U. Work.

8:00 p. m.—B. Y. P. U. Work.

8:45 p. m.—Sermon by Rev. O. E. Bryan.

OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED DON'T MATTER IF BROKEN

We pay up to 15 dollars per set. Also cash for Old Gold, Silver and broken Jewelry. Check sent by return mail. Goods held 10 days for sender's approval of our offer. Mazer's Tooth Specialty, Dept. A, 2007 S. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. 4315

Everything wasted means that

some one has to work just that much

more for you.

CERALVO.

July 8.—Mrs. Myrtle Moore, of Horse Branch, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ida Barnard.

Mister Joe Everly and little sister, Electra, of Evansville, Ind., are visiting friends and relatives here.

Miss Marjorie and Evelyn Mullin, of Princeton, Ind., spent last week with their aunt, Mrs. Blanch Jones.

Miss Mary Ethel Everly spent Saturday until Monday with Miss Ethel Russell near Pond Run.

Our town has gone over the top in the Red Cross work. There being a Red Cross in the window of every home.

Mrs. Blanch Jones is on the sick list at this writing.

Mrs. Lee White and children, of Pleaton, visited relatives here last week.

Mrs. Emma B. Fulkerson visited her uncle, Mr. C. G. Klumley, of Klum-

ley Mines, from Saturday until Sunday.

Mr. Luther Faught has bought, what is known as, the Sam Durham farm.

Mr. W. S. Hill went to see Mr. J. C. Hill, of South Carrollton, Sunday